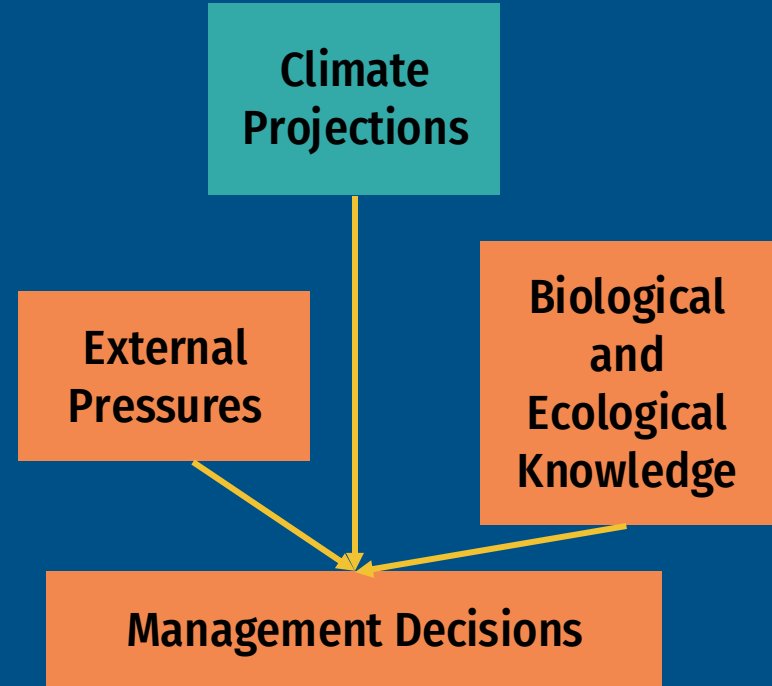


Hydroclimatic Futures of the Southeast

Kasia (Catherine) Nikiel, PhD

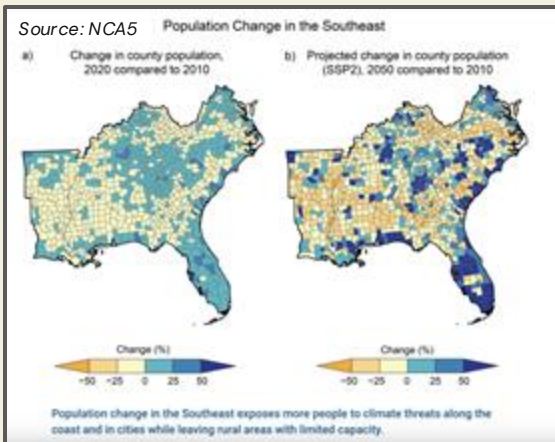
SE CASC Postdoctoral Fellow in Climate Impacts
ORISE Research Program Participant



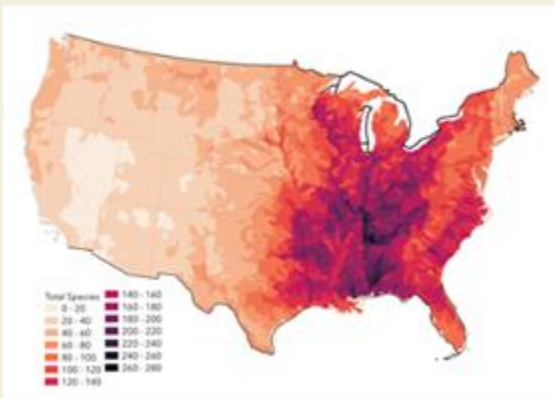
SOUTHEAST
Climate Adaptation Science Center

The Southeast Faces Many Competing Pressures

Population Growth



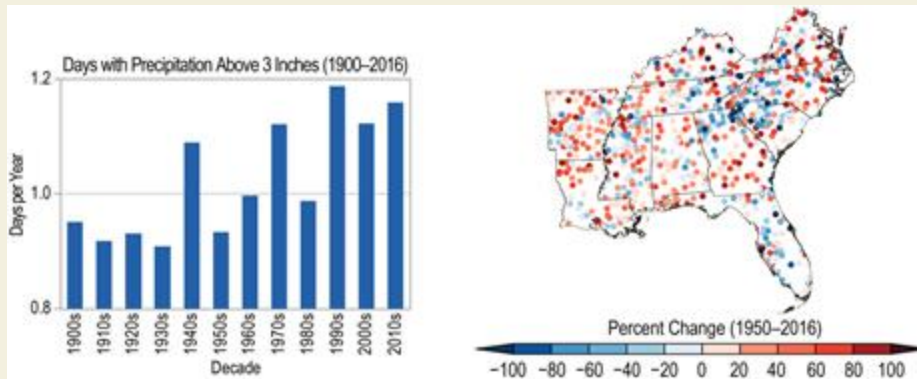
Total Aquatic Species Richness



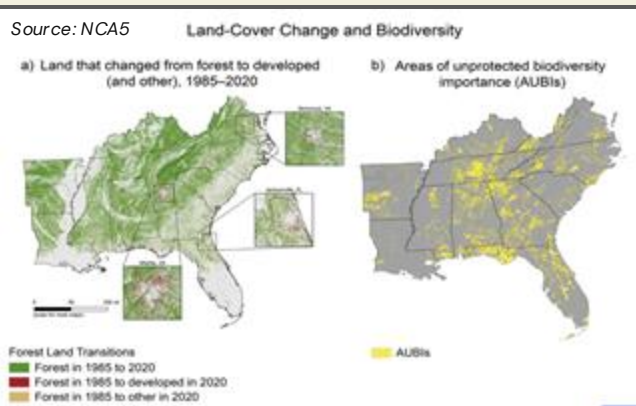
EPA EnviroAtlas (Panlasigui and others, 2018)

High Biodiversity

Climate Changes

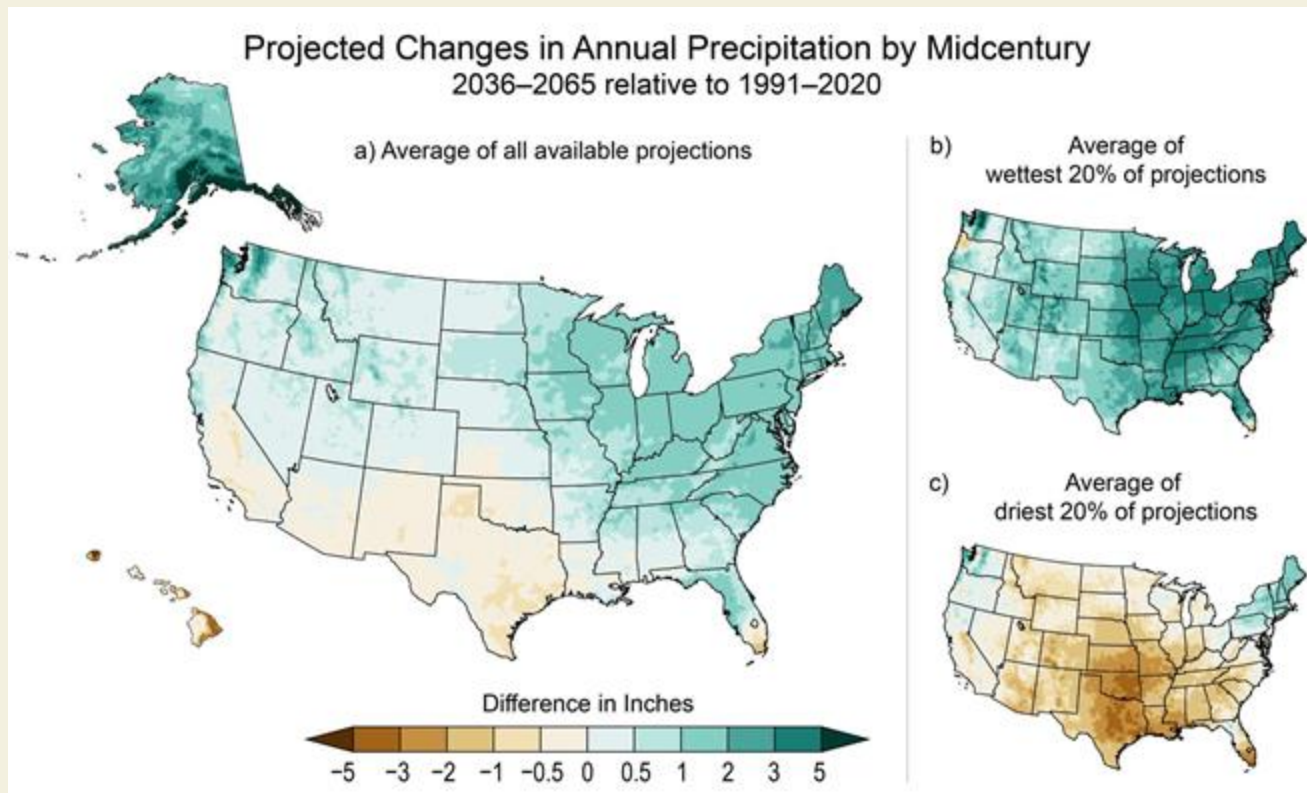


Source: NCA5



Land Cover Change / Urbanization

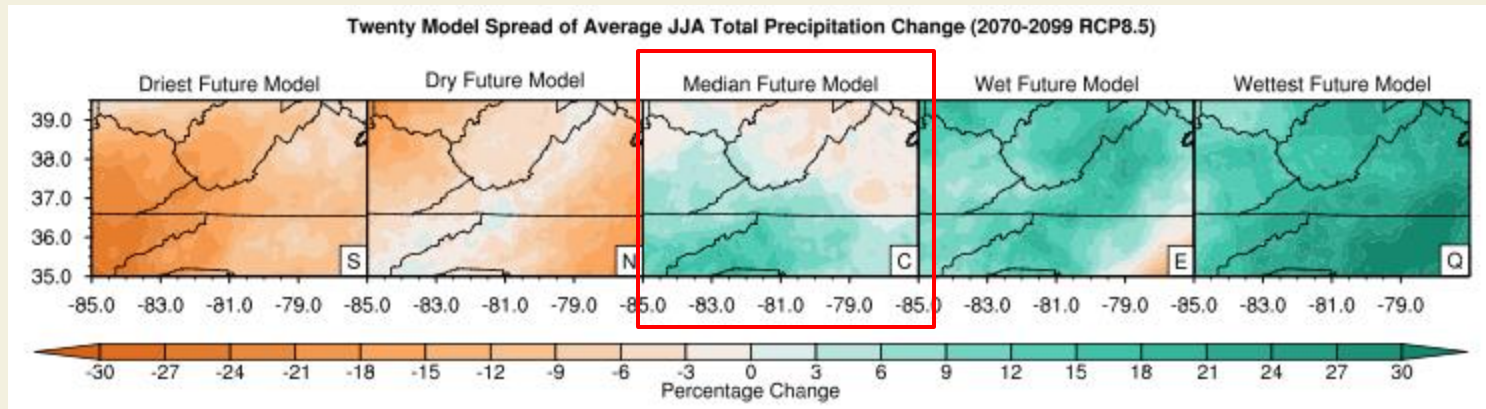
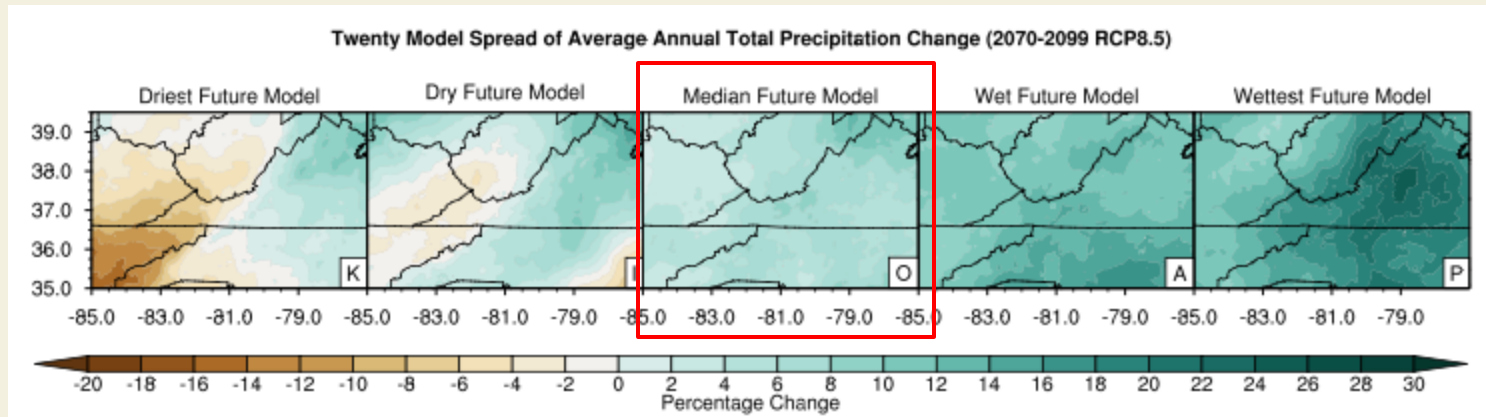
Current Projections



Source: NCA5

Changes in annual average precipitation don't show changes in **interannual variability**. Extreme wet and dry years will still occur

Changes in annual precipitation miss important **seasonal variation**.

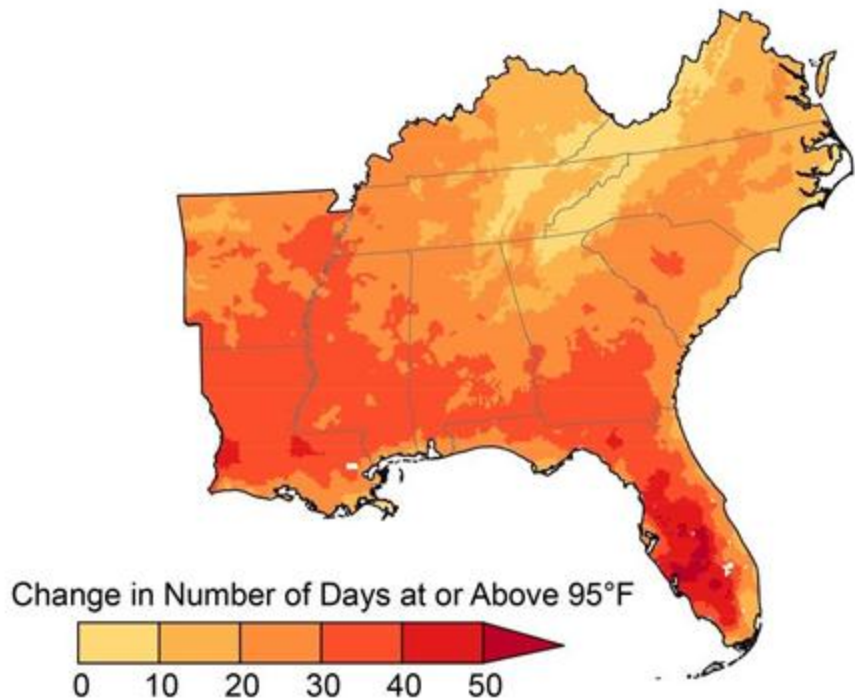


Timing of precipitation is critical for both **human water availability and ecosystem needs**.

What *can* we say?

Temperatures will increase

b) Projected change in extreme heat days, 2050 compared to 1991–2020

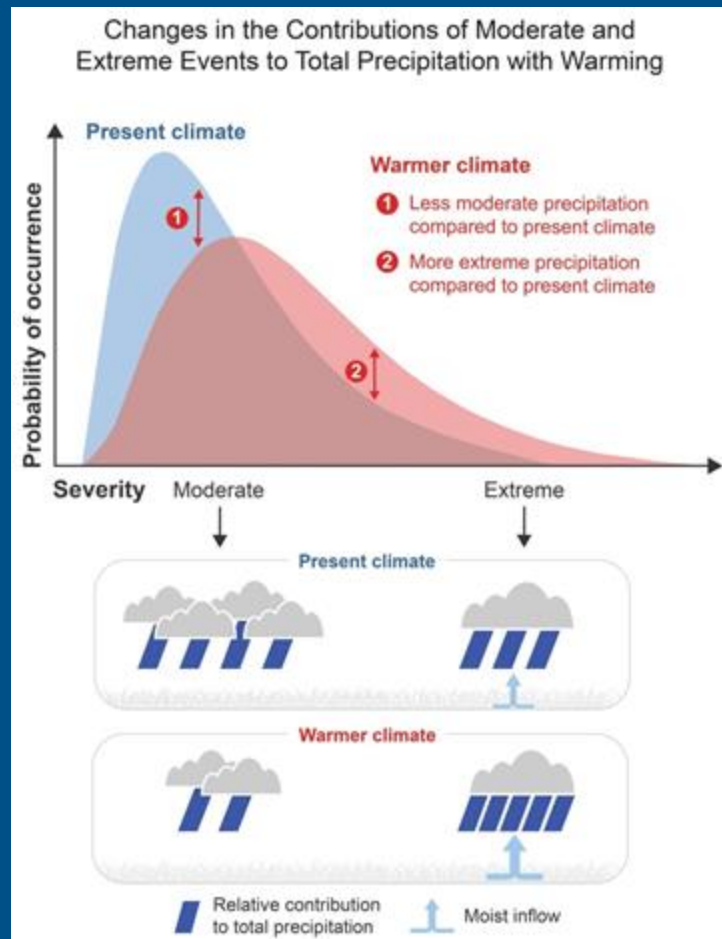


Source: NCA5

What *can* we say?

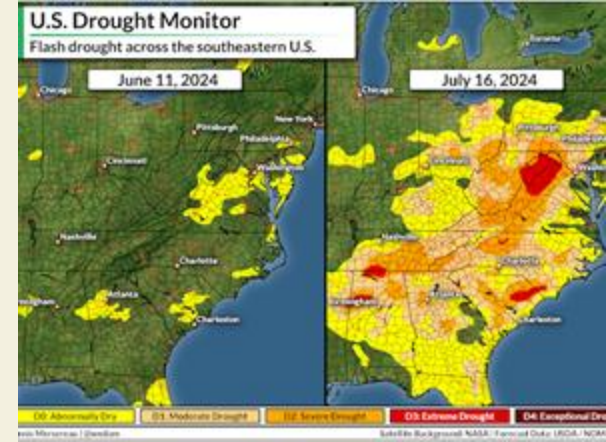
Temperatures will increase

Rain will fall in heavier events



Source: NCA5

Drought in a Changing Climate



Longer periods between rainfall events may stress some systems. Heavy rainfall may not **recharge** systems.

Changing patterns of precipitation may cause water deficits in **critical periods of the year** and create **mismatches between water supply and demand.**

Extreme heat may contribute to more rapid drought development (**flash drought**) which can then propagate down into hydrologic systems.

Assessing Drought in a Changing Climate



Drought
Indicator
Performance

Uncertainty

Reference
Periods

Aridification vs.
Drought

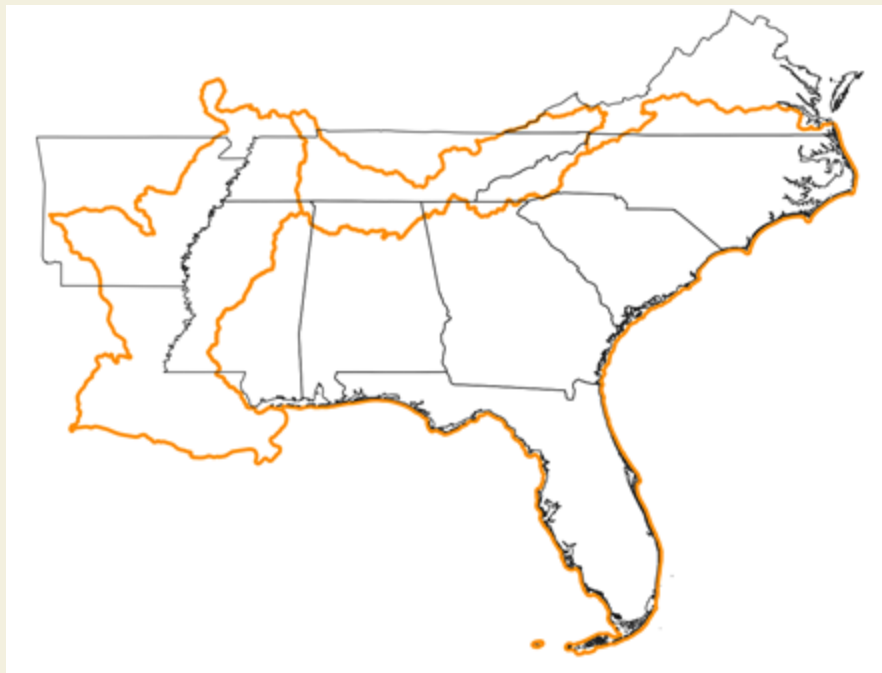
Non-Stationarity

Connecting Climate to Impacts is Challenging

- Antecedent Conditions
- Timing and Locally Resolved Heavy Precipitation
- Teleconnections
- Vegetation Impacts
- Drought Indicators

Recent National Scale Models Let us Look at Regional Trends

Regional Averages



Decreases in Seasonal and Mean Annual Flow

Decreases in Annual Minimum Low Flows

Increase in frequency of Low Flow Event Counts

Decrease in flashiness

Strong Increases in Flow Variability

Then Look Closer

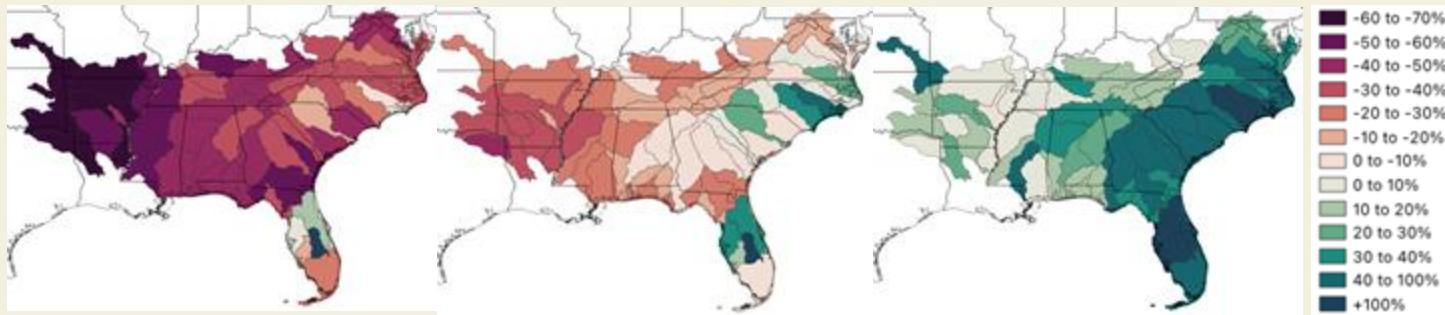
Change from Historical Period (1975-2005) to Mid-Century (2046-2075) under RCP 8.5

**Annual
Minimum of
7-day Moving
Average Flow
(% change)**

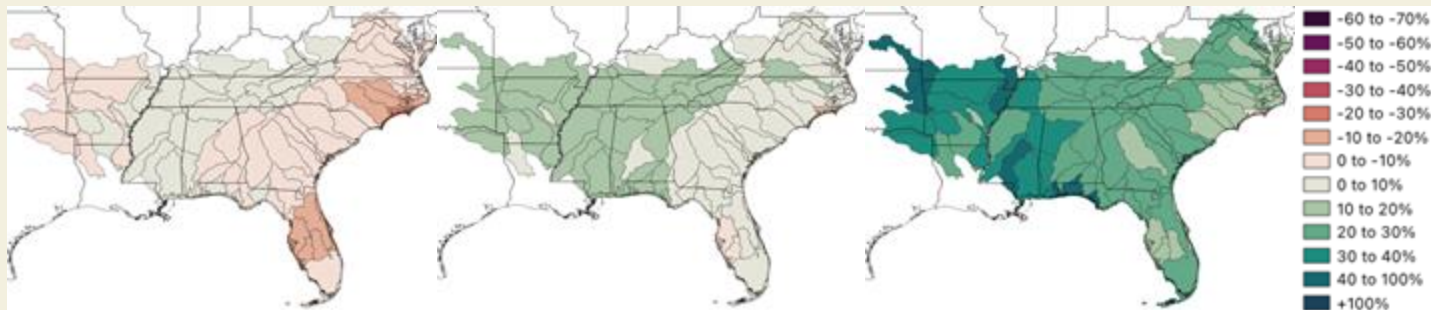
Minimum Model Change by HUC6

Median Model Change by HUC6

Maximum Model Change by HUC6



**Coefficient
of Variation
(standard
deviation/mean
of daily flow)
(% change)**

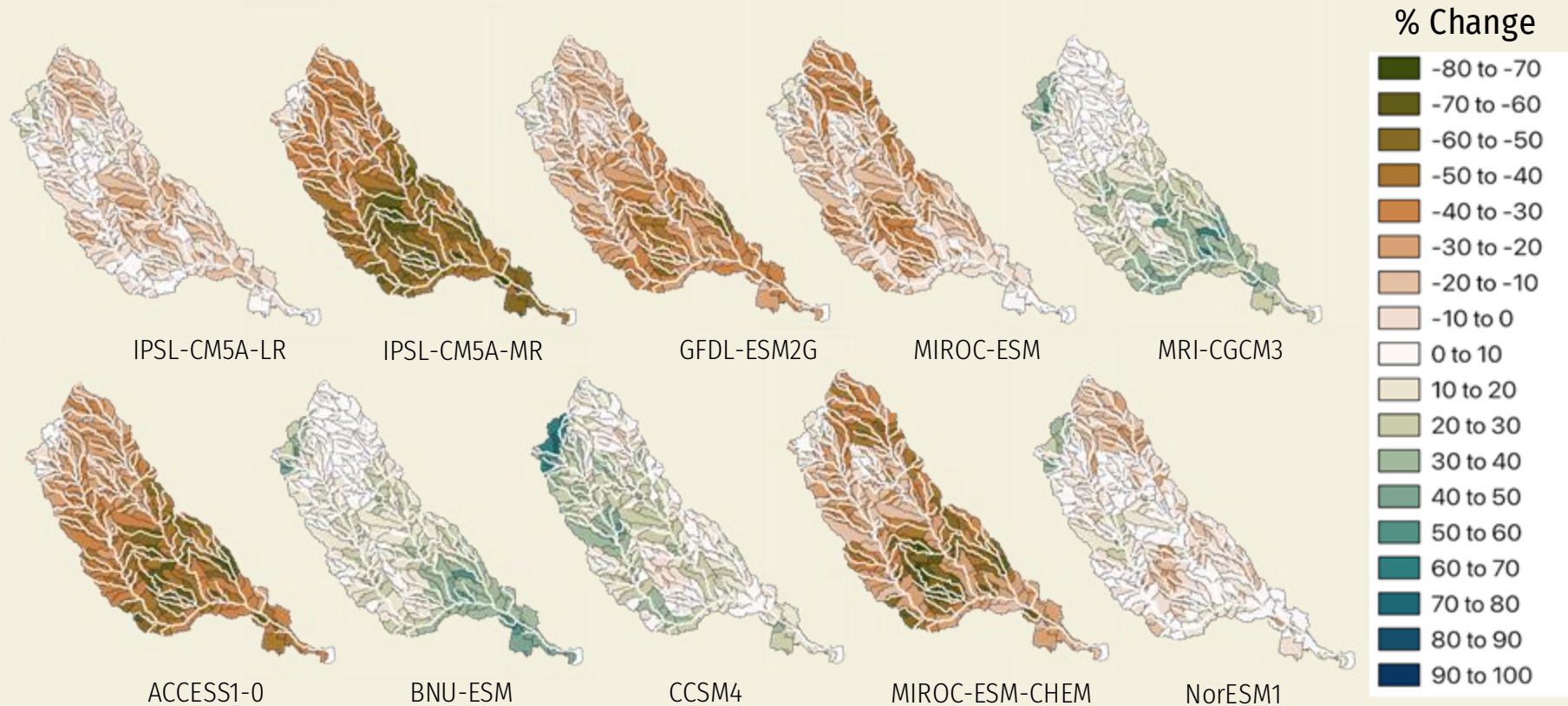


* of thirteen downscaled climate models, stream length area weighted average

Preliminary Data. Subject to Change.

And Closer

Percent Change in March Mean Runoff
Historical (1976-2005) to Future (2046-2075) under RCP4.5



Accepting Complexity And Moving Forward

Rising Temperatures

Increased Heavy Precipitation

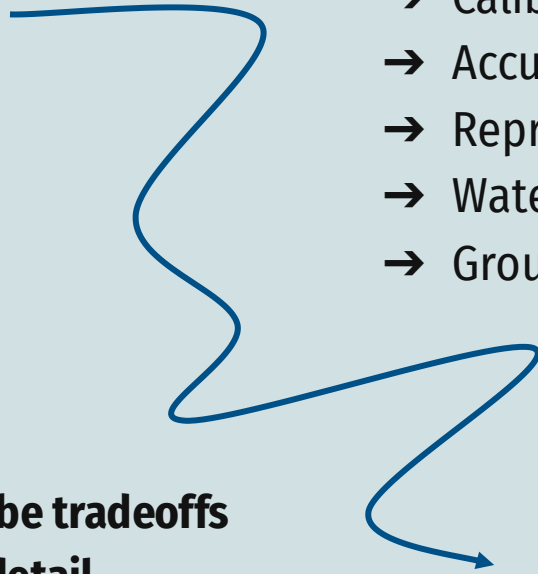
**Humans are a significant
component of uncertainty.**

**There will always be tradeoffs
- scale vs. detail.**

**Are current impact models fit for
purpose and can they be improved?**

- Calibration Methodology
- Accuracy of low/high flow
- Representation of Dams
- Water Withdrawals
- Groundwater Influence

Ecosystem Impacts



Best Practices Include:

1. Understand model assumptions and limitations before applying them
2. Look at the full range of climate projections and approach management in a scenario context
3. Learn from wealth of adaptation knowledge in the Southeast but assimilate and adapt to new information.



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