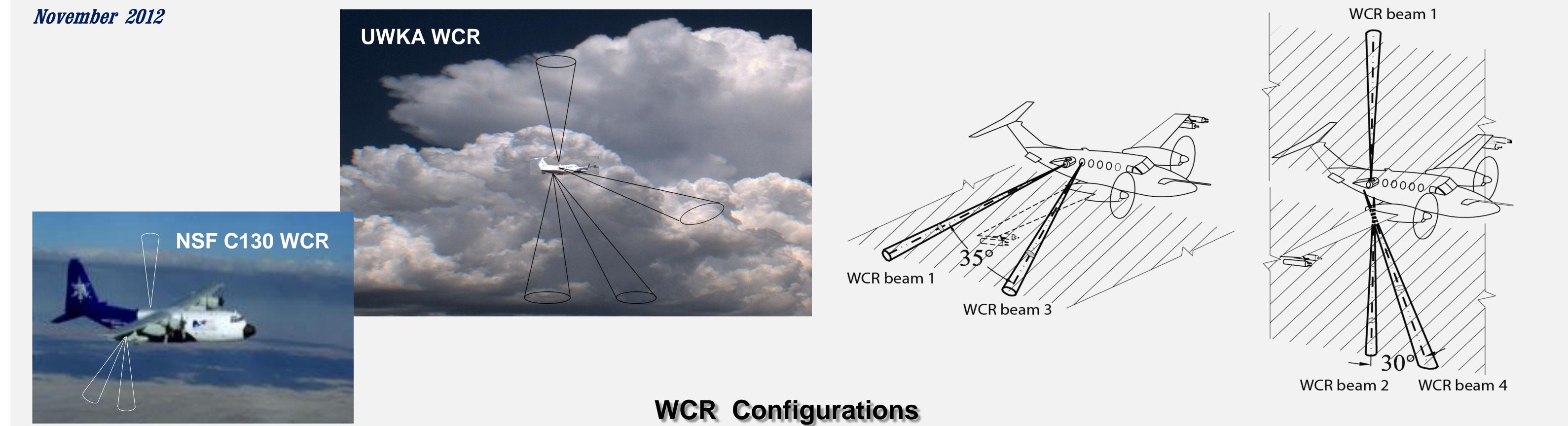
Department of Atmospheric Science Wyoming Cloud Radar

University of Wyoming Airborne Polarimetric Doppler Radar*

Samuel Haimov**



WCR Specifications

| Wyoming Cloud Radar: • platforms: N2UW, N130AR • year placed in service • owned and operated by • home base Peak Power Duty Cycle | WCR Wyoming King Air, NSF/NCAR C-130 1995 (September 2009 new radar) University of Wyoming Laramie, Wyoming, U.S.A. 1.8 KW 1% |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Transmit Frequency Wavelength | 94.92 GHz 0.00316 m |
| Pulse width Pulse Repetition (PRF) | 100-500 ns 1-20 kHz |
| Antennas (fixed pointing): UWKA (N2UW) – 4 antennas • Up or Side (via external reflector) • Side-fore (~35°) • Down (near nadir) • Down-fore (~30°) NSF/NCAR C-130 (N130AR) – 3 antennas • Up (near zenith) • Down (near nadir) • Down (near nadir) • Down-aft (~30°) | aperturebeamwidthpolarization 0.305 m 0.7° dual, H and V 0.305 m 0.7° single, linear 0.457 m 0.5° single, linear 0.381 m 0.6° single, linear 0.381 m 0.6° single, linear 0.305 m 0.7° single, linear 0.305 m 0.7° single, linear 0.305 m 0.7° single or dual 45° |
| Maximum antenna switching rate | same as PRF |
| Radar operational/acquisition modes: pulse-pair (group of up to 12 pulses) Doppler spectrum Receiver channels: | Beams used: up to 4 beams, any combination up to 4 beams, any combination 2 |
| receiver outputs receiver dynamic range noise figure | Digital (12-bit), magnitude and phase 65 dB at 4 MHz bandwidth 5 dB |
| Min. Dwell time Along-track sampling | 30 ms 3 m (minimum) |
| Min. detectable signal : • One St.Dev. above mean noise | for 200 ns pulse, 150 averaged pulses -40 dBZ at 1km |
| Resolution: in range minimum range sampling volume@1 km, 200 ns pulse, 0.7° antenna | 15 – 75 m 7.5 m ~ 30 x 12 x 12 m |
| Doppler radial velocity processor: pulse pair FFT spectrum | 1 st & 2 nd moments 16 to 512 spectral lines |
| Maximum unambiguous Doppler Maximum useful range First usable radar range gate | ±15.8 ms ⁻¹ (at 20 kHz PRF) ~ 10 km ~ 100 m |

WCR Calibration

Reflectivity calibration

received power calibration better than 1 dBm

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reflectivity calibration better than 3 dBZ

□ Antennas' beam-pointing angle calibration

 \succ antenna angle accuracy better than 0.03° antenna angle precision 0.01°

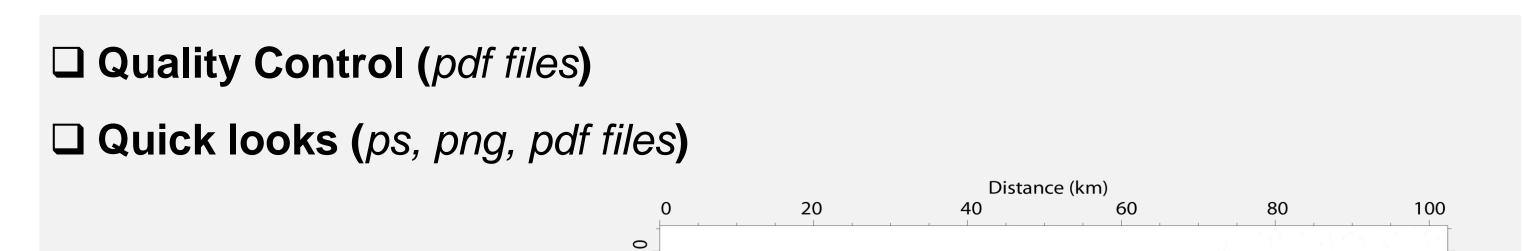
□ Aircraft motion contribution removal

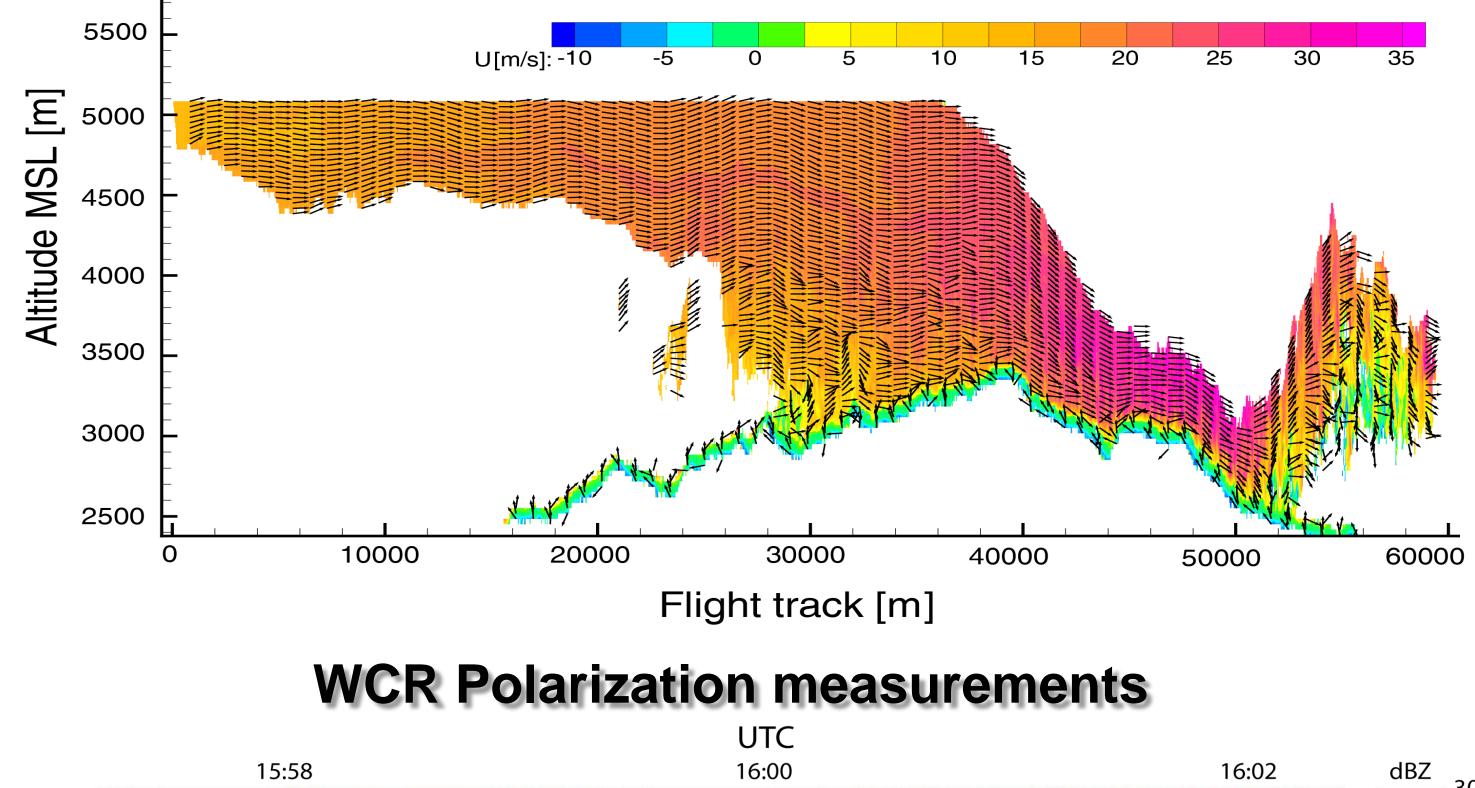
 \succ absolute accuracy better than 0.1 ms⁻¹ \succ precision 0.01 ms⁻¹

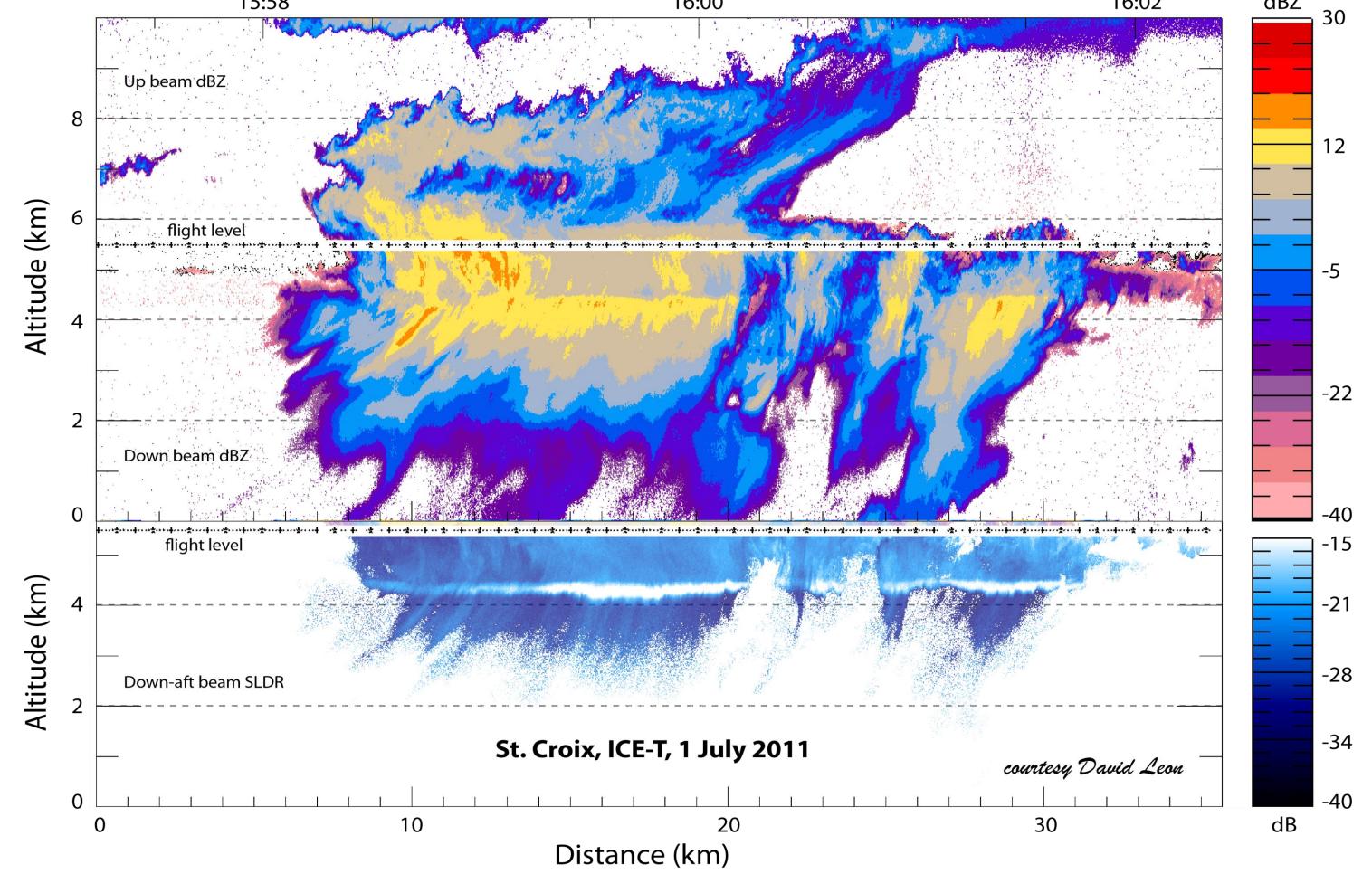
WCR Dual-Doppler Synthesis

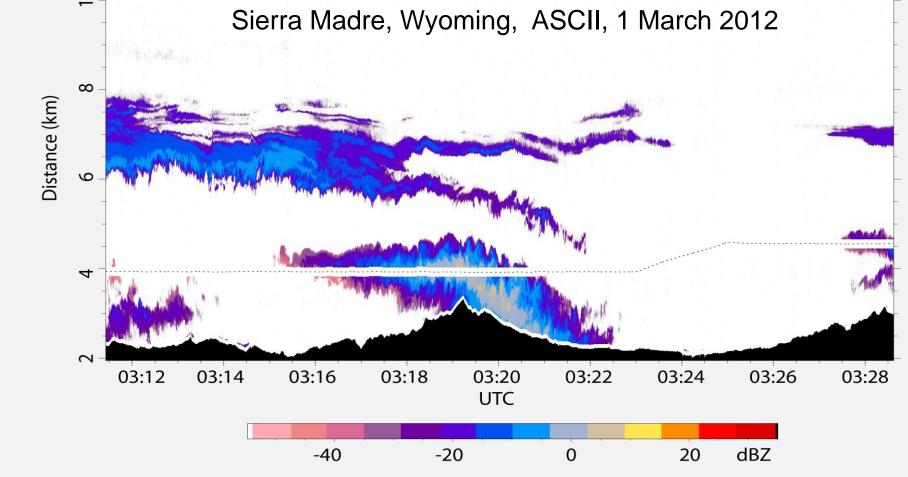
Medicine Bow, Wyoming, 26 Jan 2006, 21:54:30-22:05:00 UTC

WCR Products and Software









Reflectivity, Reflectivity mask, Doppler Velocity products, **Polarimetric products (***NetCDF files***)**

- □ Product retrieval, signal detection, interpolation and geo-location, visualization (IDL WCR2TOOLS software)
- **Dual-Doppler analysis (***IDL WCRDD software***)**

- ** The WCR has been developed over the last 20 years with the inspiration and hard work of Profs. Gabor Vali and Robert Kelly, Drs. Samuel Haimov and David Leon, and the expert staff and leadership of the Wyoming King Air national facility. WCR was manufactured by ProSensing, Inc., USA.
- WCR is supported under NSF-UW Cooperative Agreement AGS-0334908