



CSU CHILL NATIONAL RADAR FACILITY



ABOUT THE CSU-CHILL RADAR

The CSU-CHILL National Weather Radar Facility, located in Greeley, CO, is an advanced, transportable dual-polarized dual-wavelength weather radar system. The facility is funded by the National Science Foundation and Colorado State University, and is hosted by the Departments of Atmospheric Science and Electrical and Computer Engineering.

Features

- Dual offset, dual-wavelength low sidelobe Gregorian antenna system
- Easy-to-use, remotely accessible radar control interface
- Polarization-agile dual-Klystron 1 MW transmitter at S-band
- Simultaneous-transmit 25 kW Magnetron transmitter at X-band
- Dual-channel software-defined digital-IF receiver
- Flexible signal processor, customizable to project needs
- Comprehensive calibration subsystem
- VCHILL Real-time control and distribution of radar data
- Dual-doppler capability with CSU-Pawnee S-band radar

User Access

- NSF-funded projects reviewed by Observing Facilities Allocation Panel (OFAP)
- Cost-recovery non-NSF projects, also reviewed by OFAP
- Small scale "20-hour" projects, conducted at Greeley
- Live virtual tours of the radar facility



CSU-CHILL Radar Site



This facility is sponsored by NSF cooperative agreement no: AGS1138116

EDUCATIONAL ACTIVITIES

The facility is an integral element of engineering and atmospheric science programs at CSU and institutions nationwide.

Research Activities

- Advanced signal processing techniques
- Radar hardware research and design
- Advanced polarimetric rainfall analysis
- Automated hydrometeor identification algorithms

Classroom Activities

- A rich collection of radar data in support of classroom activities
- Tutorials with guided interpretations of polarimetric radar cases
- Short courses which integrate the CSU-CHILL Facility

Virtual Radar Tours

- Internet streaming video from multiple on-site cameras
- Close-up views of the antenna structure
- Walk-around of the transmitter/receiver subsystems
- Remote presentation via video by CSU-CHILL staff



REU Sphere Cal



REU Students at CSU-CHILL

Educational Field Trips

- Tours conducted for small groups of visitors
- Includes introduction to radar, visits to radar hardware and a live demo

Research Experience for Undergraduates

- Hands-on experience with radar hardware and operations
- Individual mentoring by facility staff
- Majors in Physics, Engineering, Computer Science and Atmospheric Science



Visitors at the Radar

DUAL-WAVELENGTH ANTENNA

The CSU-CHILL radar features a unique dual offset-feed antenna with dual-wavelength capability

Features

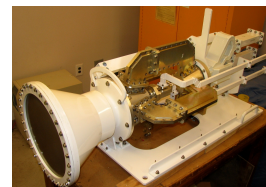
- Three feed horn options available (Dual wavelength, 10 cm and 3 cm)
- Beam width of 1.0 degree at 10 cm (S-band), 0.3 degree at 3 cm (X-band)
- Symmetric OMT design, with LDR limit exceeds -40 dB
- Low sidelobe levels improve clutter rejection at low elevation sweeps
- Flexible antenna controller supports sector scans and RHIs



Air-supported Radome



Dual Reflector Assembly

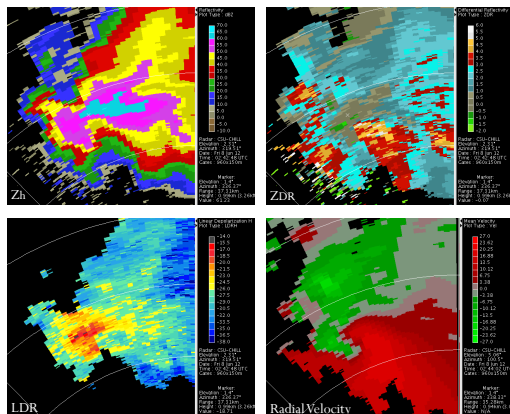


Dual-wavelength Feed Assembly



10-cm (S-band) Feed Assembly

EXAMPLE MEASUREMENTS WITH THE CSU-CHILL RADAR

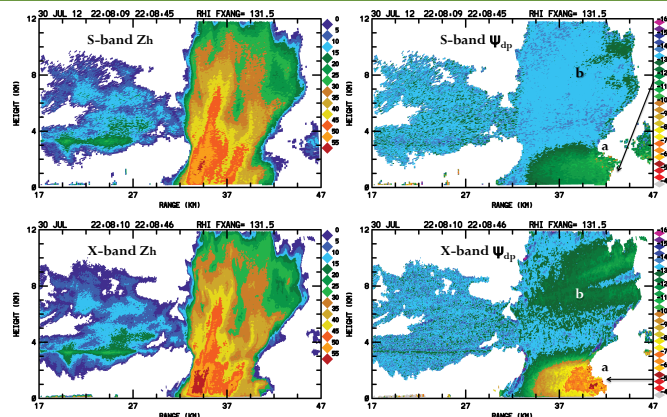


S-band Hail Observations

Severe thunderstorm observed during the DC3 project on the evening of June 7, 2012. This storm produced widespread damaging hail. Near 0 dB differential reflectivity values were observed in the reflectivity core, coincident with observations of large hail shown below. The hail area also displayed enhanced linear depolarization levels. At a slightly higher elevation angle, a mesocyclone circulation was present.



Hailstones observed from this storm
Picture courtesy Mark Lindquist



Dual Wavelength Thunderstorm Observations

Comparative measurements at S- and X-band. X-band data is attenuation corrected.

- Differential propagation phase is inversely proportional to wavelength, the accumulated phase shift is significantly larger in the X-band data vs. the S-band data
- The increased Ψ_{dp} measurement sensitivity also makes the vertically-aligned ice crystal electrification signature more evident in the X-band data

The CSU-CHILL radar's dual wavelength capabilities will support a wide variety of cloud microphysics and electrification research.