Drought Information Services: Activities and Tools at the National Drought Mitigation Center

Mark Svoboda, Climatologist Monitoring Program Area Leader

National Drought Mitigation Center University of Nebraska-Lincoln

NOAA CPAS Annual Workshop, San Diego, CA, Mar. 2-4, 2010

Tools Drought Monitor

- **Outline**
- The NDMC Approach
- **NDMC Program Areas**

- Drought Impact Reporter v2
- Low-flow impact studies
- VegDRI
- Drought Planning
 - Drought Ready Communities
- **NIDIS**
- Summary





National Drought Mitigation Center



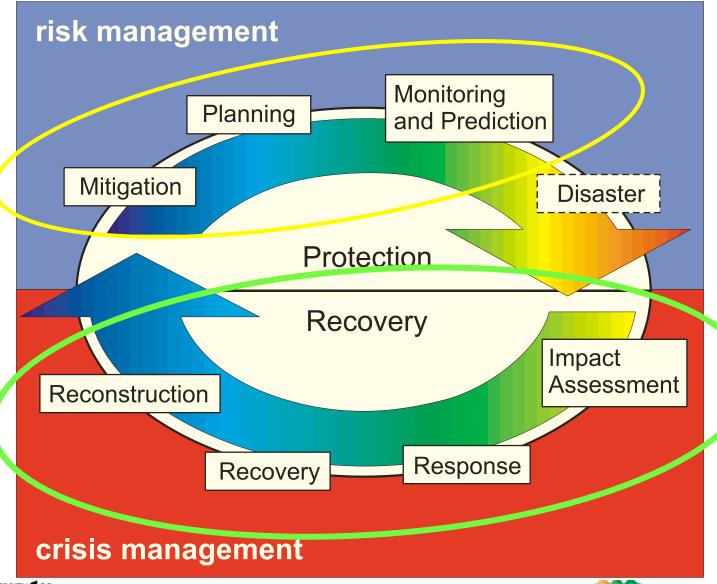
Founded: 1995 at the University of Nebraska-Lincoln

Mission: To lessen societal vulnerability to drought by promoting planning and the adoption of appropriate risk management techniques.





The Cycle of Disaster Management







NDMC Program Objectives



- Improve the science of drought monitoring, planning, and mitigation
- Build awareness of drought and its impacts on society and the environment, and how human actions affect our vulnerability to drought
- Focus the attention of policy makers on the importance of drought policy and planning in the wise stewardship of natural resources

RESEARCH, OUTREACH, AND TRAINING









The National Drought Mitigation Center helps people and institutions develop and implement measures to reduce societal vulnerability to drought. The NDMC stresses prevention and risk management rather than crisis management. This approach promotes self-reliance to achieve greater resilience to drought.



Drought Watch



Drought Science



What's New



Climatology



Impacts



NDMC



Drought Links



Mitigation



Network



Search the Site



Methodologies



Why Plan?

http://enso.unl.edu/ndmc



National Drought Mitigation Center

University of Nebraska-Lincoln

The National Drought Mitigation Center (NDMC) helps people and institutions develop and implement measures to reduce societal vulnerability to drought. The NDMC, based at the University of Nebraska–Lincoln, stresses preparation and risk management rather than crisis management.

What is Drought?

Today

An overview of drought • Climographs • Historical Palmer Drought Index maps and graphs • Drought and El Niño • The Dust Bowl

Planning for Drought

How (and why) to plan for drought • The 10-Step Planning Process
• Directory of drought planning contacts

Monitoring Drought

How to select monitoring tools • The SPI, the U.S. Drought Monitor, and links to tools elsewhere on the web

Understanding Your Risk

Understanding drought's impacts · Current and historical drought impacts in the United States and around the world

Mitigating Drought

Putting a drought plan together • Existing drought plans and studies • Drought mitigation tools/initiatives • Water conservation

About the NDMC
Contact Information
What's New
Site Map
Search the Site
Drought Network News
Publications

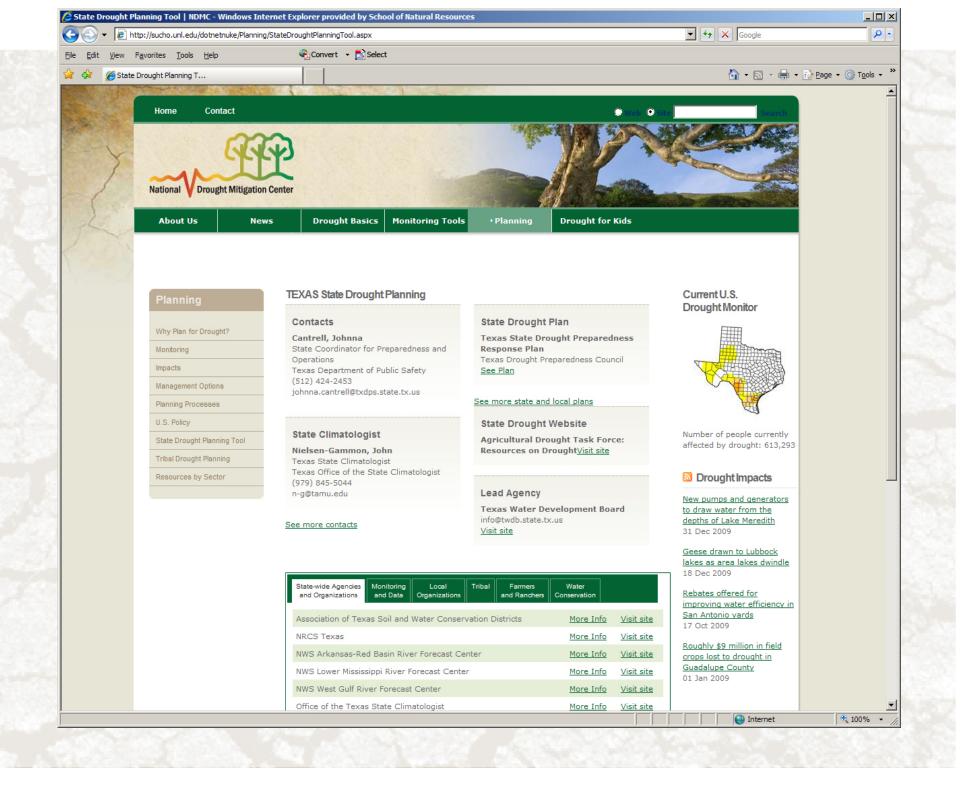


For Media

Other Drought-related Sites U.S. Drought Monitor Interim National Drought Council











DROUGHT**S**CAPE

The Newsletter of the National Drought Mitigation Center

Winter 2010

USDM Forum Highlights

The biennial U.S. Drought Monitor Forum is a chance for stakeholders and scientists to refine the weekly drought map. Read highlights from the October forum on pages 10 and 11.

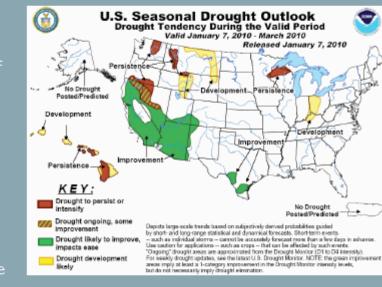
Research Shows Birds Vulnerable to Drought



© Bruce Rosenstiel Brian Wardlow, GIScience program area leader at the NDMC, was part of a research team that detailed the effects of drought on various bird

Drought Likely to Ease

Drought conditions in the Southwest, along the Gulf Coast, and in south Texas are likely to improve this winter and spring, due to the El Niño pattern that will gradually return to normal by late spring.



For the full outlook and summary of October-December 2009 drought conditions, please see pages 2-3.

Drought Recedes in 2009

The area of the United States that was abnormally dry or in drought was at its lowest point in 10 years in October 2009. For a complete climatological overview of drought in 2009, please see pages 4-5.



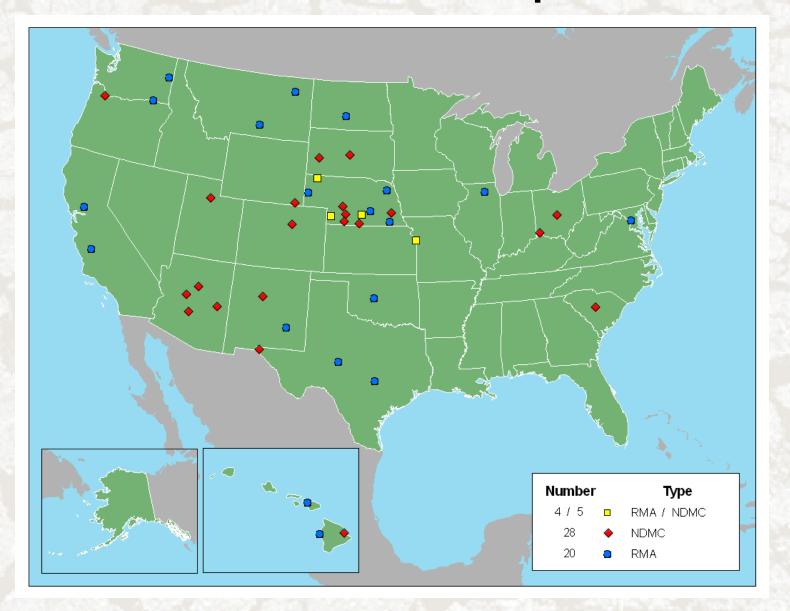


- Building partnerships and trust
- Provide producers and advisors with easyto-use tools and data to better understand the linkages between local climate/drought and decision making
- Obtain feedback on what information or tools are needed to better understand these linkages
 - Multiple feedback approaches
- Effectively plan and prepare for drought





NDMC Stakeholder Workshops 1996-2009

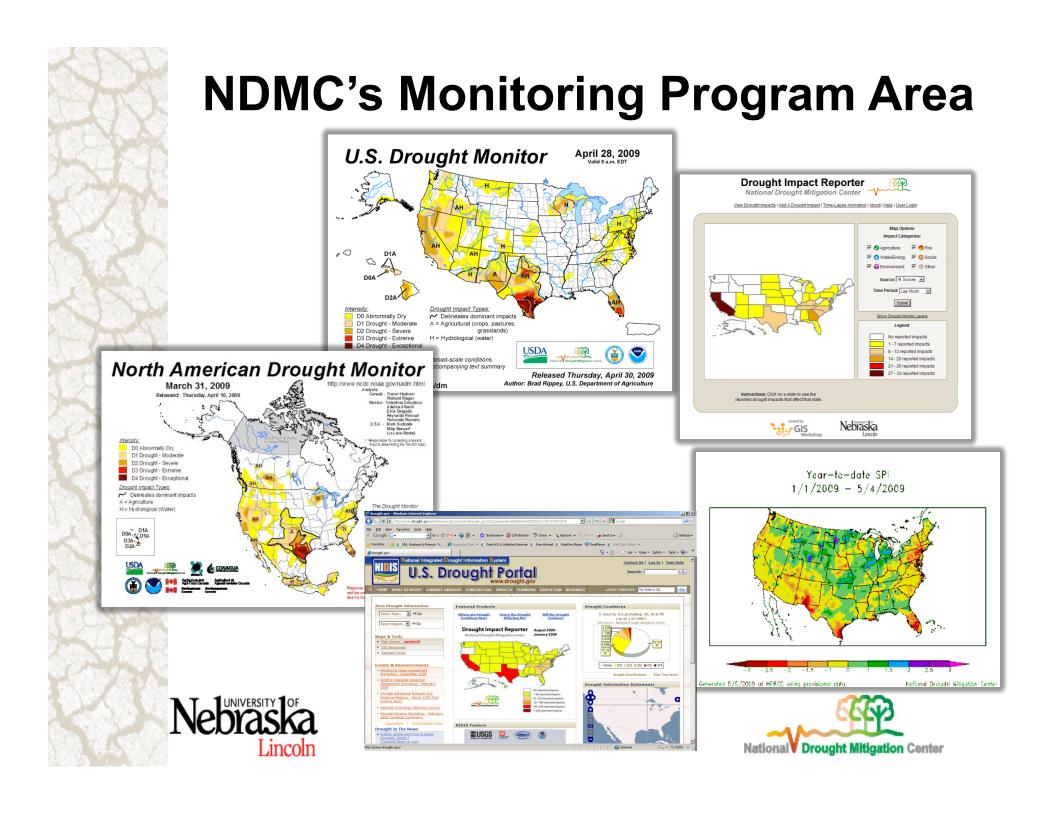


Goal: Make NDMC tools so easy to use a Caveman can do it!







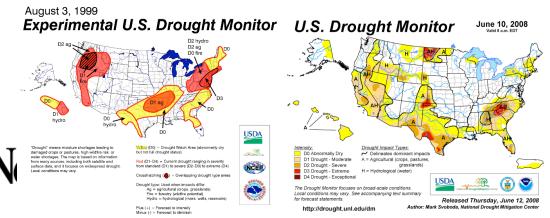




The U.S. Drought Monitor

Since 1999, NOAA (CPC, NCDC, WRCC), USDA, and the NDMC have produced a weekly composite drought map with input from numerous federal and non-federal agencies

- Western Region Climate Center on board 2008
 CalDry listserver hosted by CA DWR
- 10 authors in all
- Incorporate relevant information and products from all entities (and levels of government) dealing with drought (RCC's, SC's, federal/state agencies, etc.) (~260 experts)

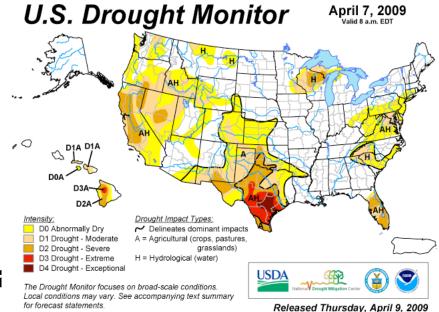




Some Drought Monitor Factoids



- Happy Birthday: 10 Years Old!
- Map #500 (4/7/09)
- Smallest D1-D4 extent: 6.64% on 2/9/10
- Largest D1-D4 extent: 45.64% on 9/10/02
- 20 states have never have any D4 w/in their borders



http://drought.unl.edu/dm

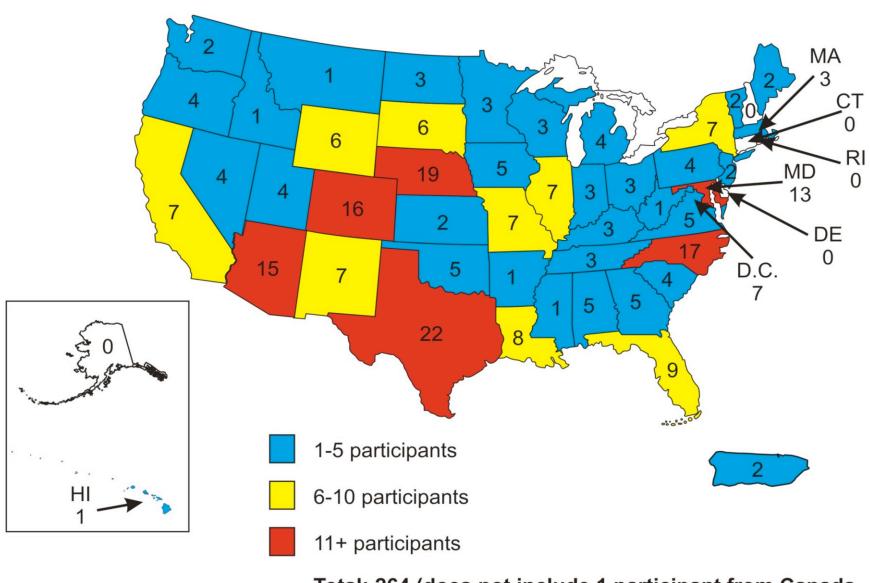




Author: Mark Svoboda, National Drought Mitigation Center

USDM Listserve Subscribers

(as of January 13, 2010)



Total: 264 (does not include 1 participant from Canada and 2 participants from Mexico)

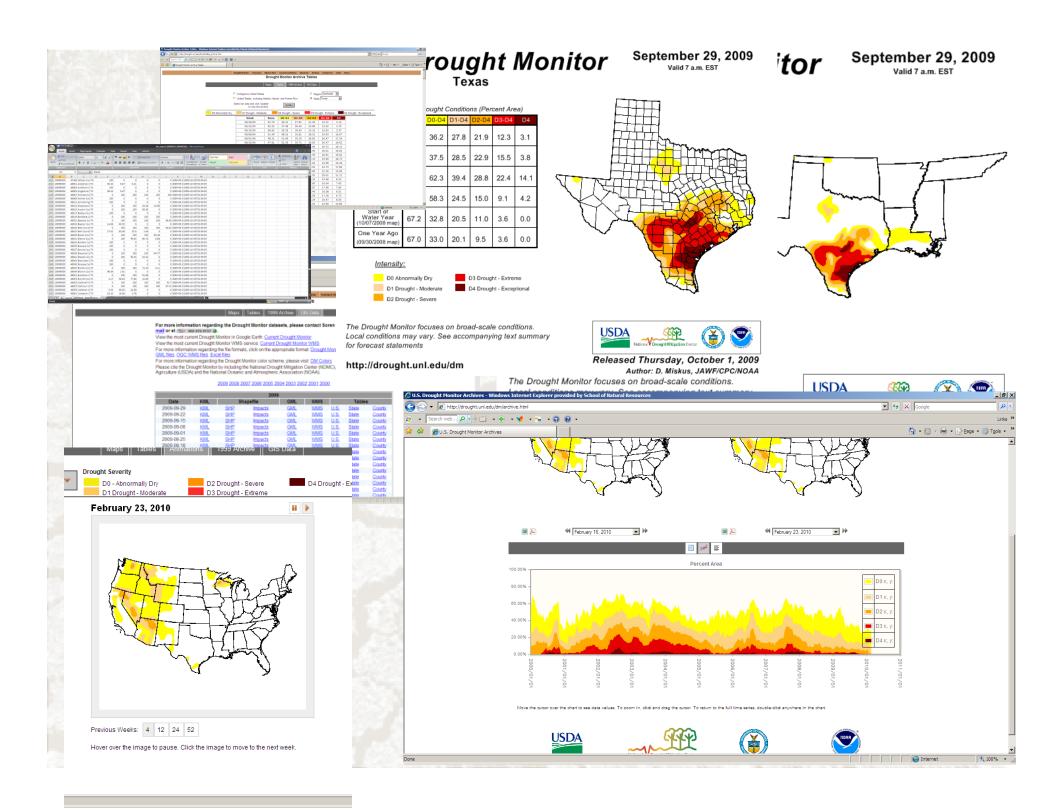
The Drought Monitor is widely used:

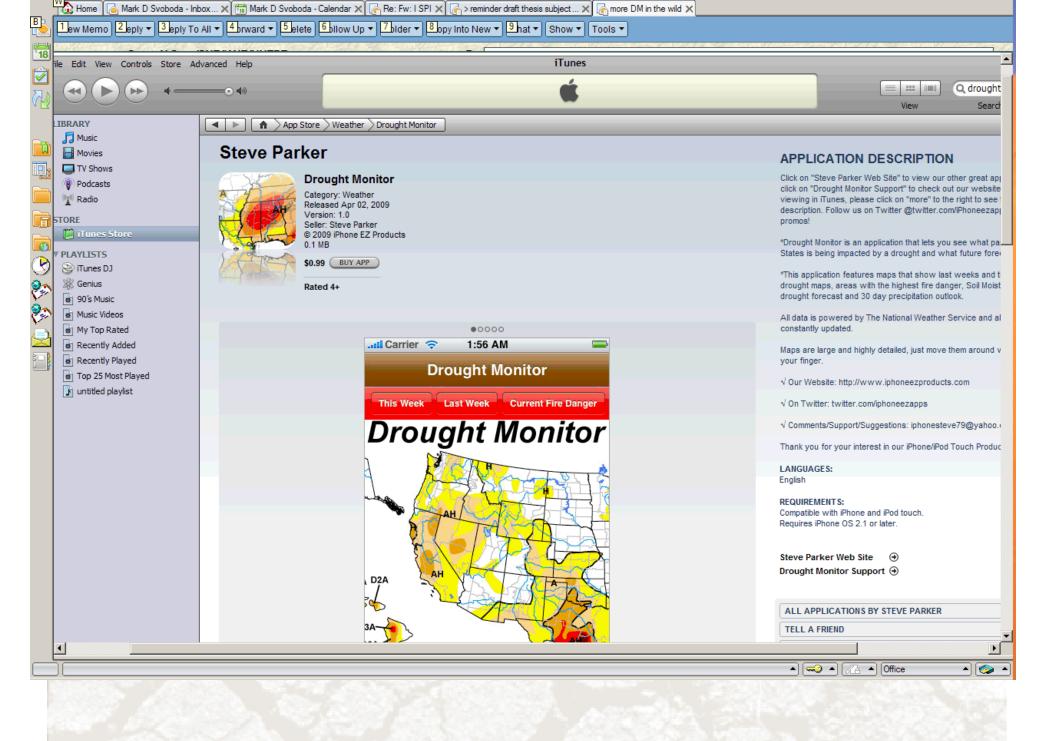
- Policy: Farm Bill/IRS/USDA/NOAA DGT/State drought plan triggers
- ~3.5M+ page views and ~2M+ visitors/year
- Media: The Weather Channel/USA

 Today and all major newspapers/Internet
 Media/ Network News/ CNN/NPR/etc.
- Presidential/Congressional briefings
- NIDIS portal/portlet
- A model of interagency/level collaboration





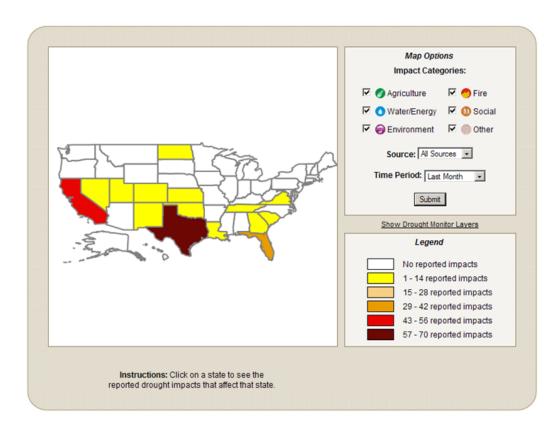






The Drought Impact Reporter v2

http://droughtreporter.unl.edu



Sponsor: USDA-Risk Management Agency and National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's Transition of Research Applications to Climate Services Program (TRACS)







- Establish an impacts baseline for monitoring
 Climate change
- To know where to direct relief
- To reduce vulnerability in advance of the next drought
- "Ground truth" indices
- No single method exists for collecting and/or quantifying drought losses

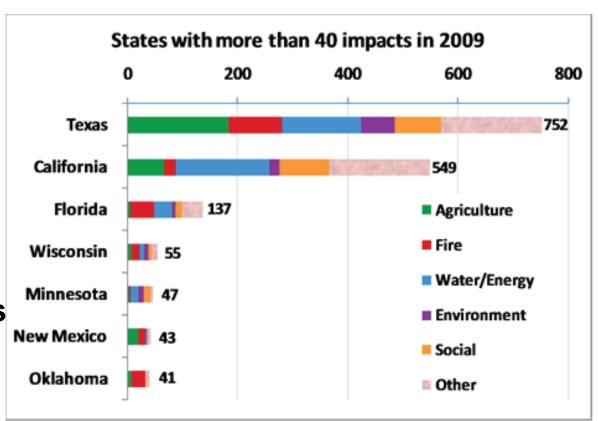




Some DIR Factoids



- Established in 2005
- DIR DB now contains ~11,000 impacts
- 1,891 impacts added in 2009

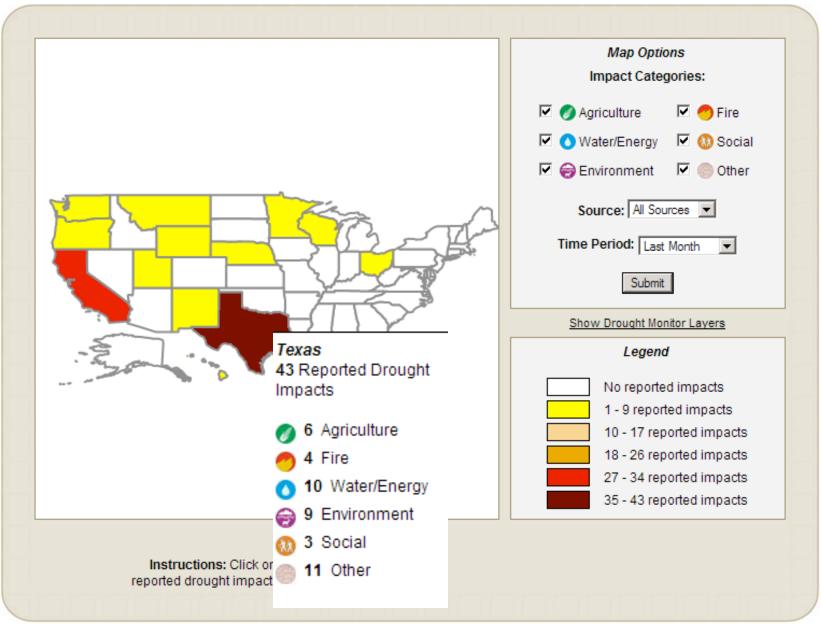


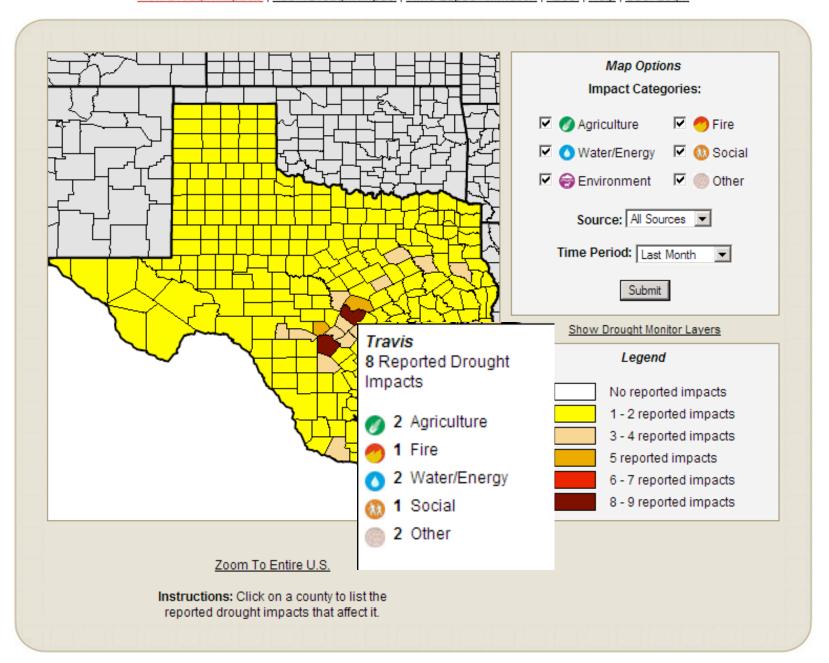




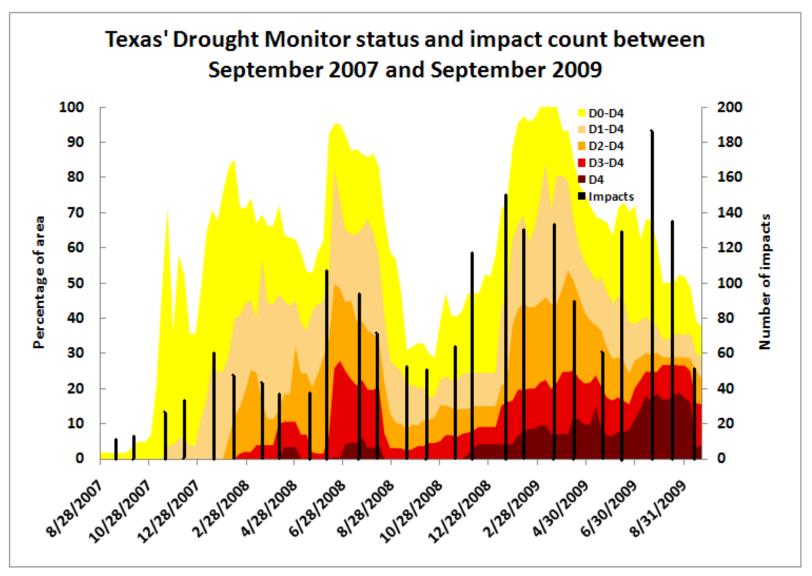
Drought Impact Reporter, October 5, 2009

View Drought Impacts | Add A Drought Impact | Time-Lapse Animation | About | Help | User Login





Drought Status & Impacts, TX

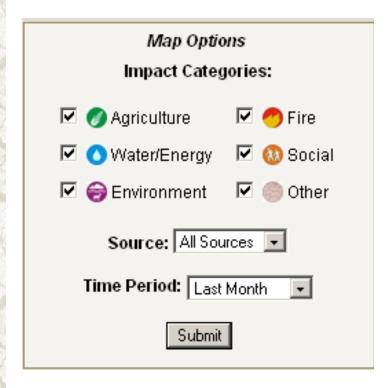




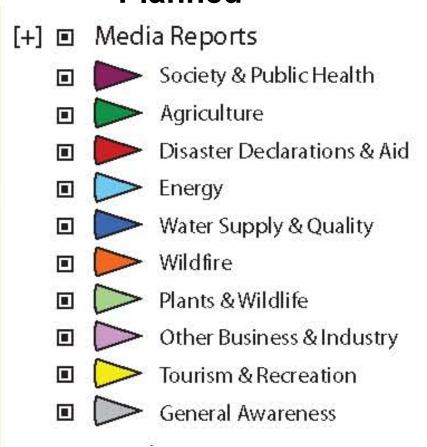


What We've Learned: Refine Categories

Current



Planned



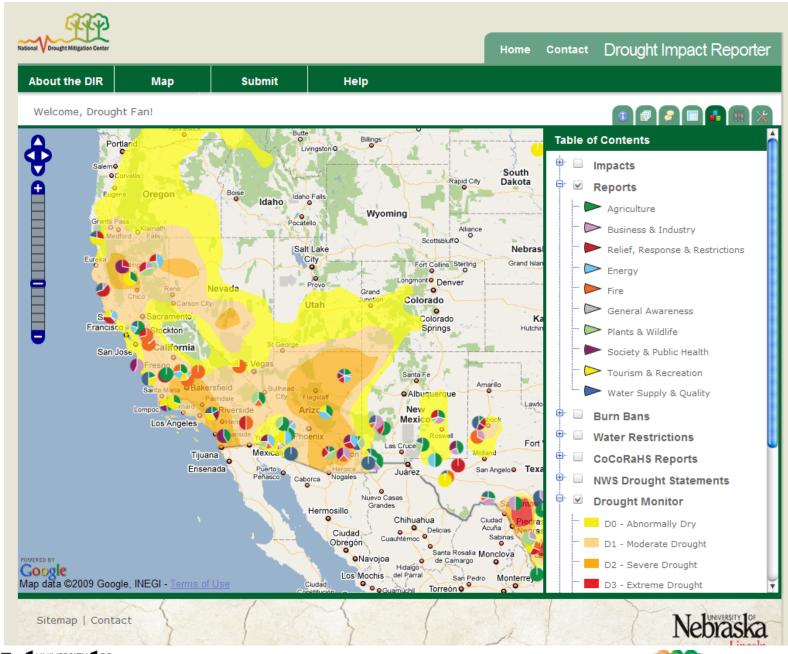






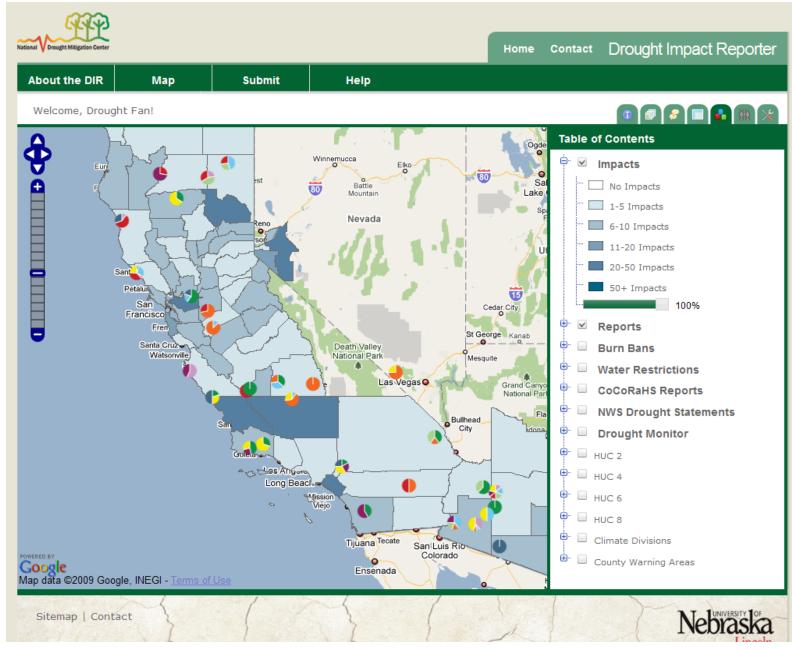








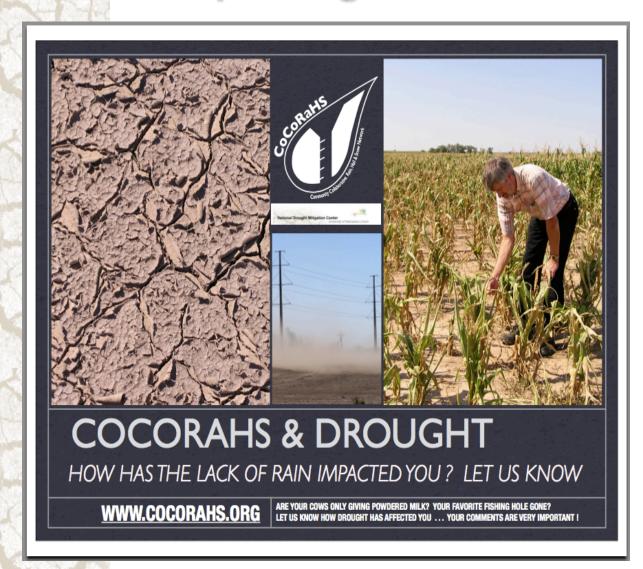








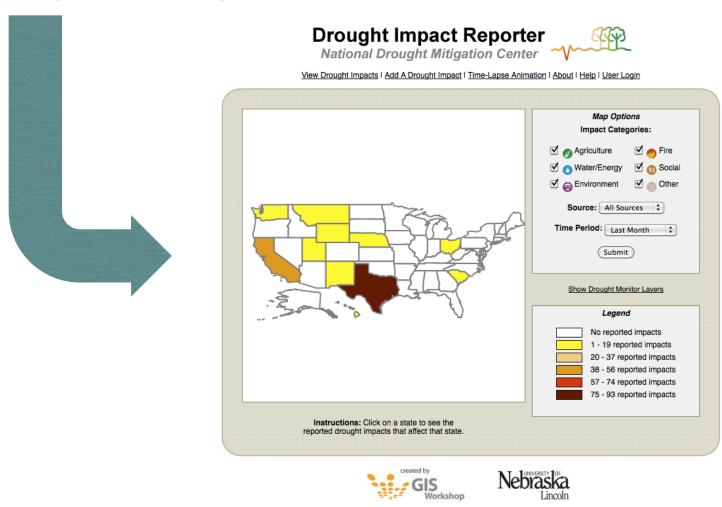
Promoting the "drought impacts reporting" idea to their volunteers



- * 14,000+ volunteers covering all 50 states!!
- * CoCoRaHS "Message of the Day"
- * Monthly e-mail reminders
- * Emphasis in training sessions
- * Banners on the Web site

Courtesy: Henry Reges, Colorado State University

CoCoRaHS drought impact reports



Courtesy: Henry Reges, Colorado State University

Enhancing the Advanced Hydrologic Prediction Service:

A Program to Develop A Low-Flow/Stage Database for Selected NWS Forecast Points in the Upper Colorado River Basin

Mark Svoboda, Climatologist, Monitoring Program Area Leader, NDMC Dr. Donna L. Woudenberg, Drought Management Specialist, NDMC Dr. Cody L. Knutson, Water Resources Scientist, NDMC Doug Kluck, NOAA-NWS CRHQ



Development of a low flow/stage impacts database for AHPS forecast points

Objective 1: Identify low flow/stage related impacts near NWS forecast points

Objective 2: Use impact information to establish low flow/stage warning triggers (drought stages)

Objective 3: Develop low flow/stage river forecasts

Incorporate data into the NWS National Hydrologic Database and the AHPS system





Low-flow / Drought Impacts

Economic

- Costs and losses to agricultural and livestock producers
- Loss from timber production
- Loss from fishery production
- Loss to recreation and tourism industry
- Energy-related effects
- Water Suppliers
- Transportation Industry / navigation
- Decline in food production/disrupted food supply

Environmental

- Damage to animal species
- Hydrological effects
- Damage to plant communities
- Increased number and severity of fires
- Wind and water erosion of soils, reduced soil quality
- Air quality effects (e.g., dust, pollutants)
- Visual and landscape quality (e.g., dust, vegetative cover, etc.)

▼ Drought Mitigation Center



Low-flow / Drought Impacts

Social

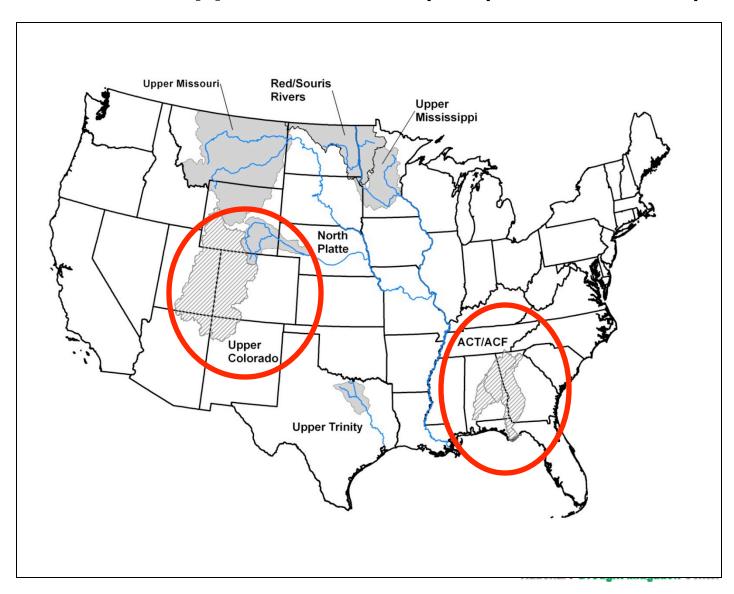
- Health
- Increased conflicts ("water wars")
- Reduced quality of life, changes in lifestyle
- Disruption of cultural belief systems (e.g., religious and scientific views of natural hazards)
- Reevaluation of social values (e.g., priorities, needs, rights)
- Public dissatisfaction with government drought response
- Perceptions of inequity in relief, possibly related to socioeconomic status, ethnicity, age, gender, seniority
- Loss of cultural sites
- Increased data/information needs, coordination of dissemination activities
- Recognition of institutional restraints on water use





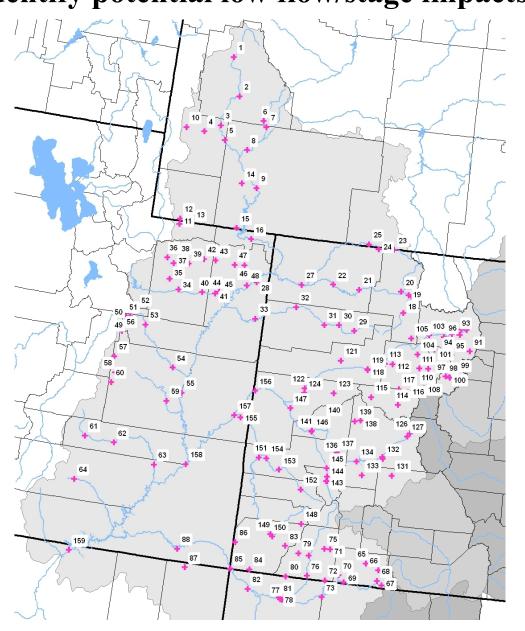
NWS-NIDIS Low-flow Projects

2009-2010: Upper Colorado (164) & ACT-ACF (58)





2008-2010 Upper Colorado River Low-Flow Project Identify potential low flow/stage impacts near 164 forecast







Low-Flow Related Impacts in the Upper Colorado River Basin National Weather Service / National Drought Mitigation Center Station ID: 14 – SLRW4 (Smiths Fork at Stateline Reservoir, WY)

Flow (cfs)	Stage (ft)	Impacts	Timing/Other Considerations	Submitted by
	9163.2	Top of Active Conservation for Stateline Dam		Source – U.S. Bureau of Reclamation – Data web http://www.usbr.gov/dataweb/dams/ut82904.htm
	9096.5	Top of Inactive Conservation for Stateline Dam		Source – U.S. Bureau of Reclamation – Data web http://www.usbr.gov/dataweb/dams/ut82904.htm
	9062	Top of Dead Storage for Stateline Dam		Source – U.S. Bureau of Reclamation – Data web http://www.usbr.gov/dataweb/dams/ut82904.htm
2.2 -2.8 cfs		Advise water restrictions for residents in the town of Valley. Only allowed to water trees and shrubs, and watering only to be performed every other day.		Rocky Irick – Bridger Valley Joint Powers Board (personal communication)
2.6 – 2.8 cfs		Restrict farmer's use of irrigation water to maintain adequate water supply for residents of . Water diversion from Smiths Fork to Blacks Fork for longer period than normal.	** is in the process of changing water rights so this may not be a problem in the future**	Rocky Irick – Bridger Valley Joint Powers Board (personal communication)
7.0 cfs		Instream flow recommendation for a 4.6 mile stretch of the East Fork of Smith's Fork Creek (below Stateline Dam)	**Application on file, but permit not yet granted.	Source – Green River Basin Water Planning Process (Final Report, 2001) – Technical Memoranda (Instream Flows in Wyoming), prepared for Wyoming Water Development Commission Basin Planning Program

Photos, Maps, Flood Stages, and Historical Data: How about low flows?

Flood Categories (in feet)

Major Floo	d Sta	ge:	16
Moderate F	Flood	Stage	: 15
Flood Stag	je:		13
Action Stag	ge:		10

Historical Crests

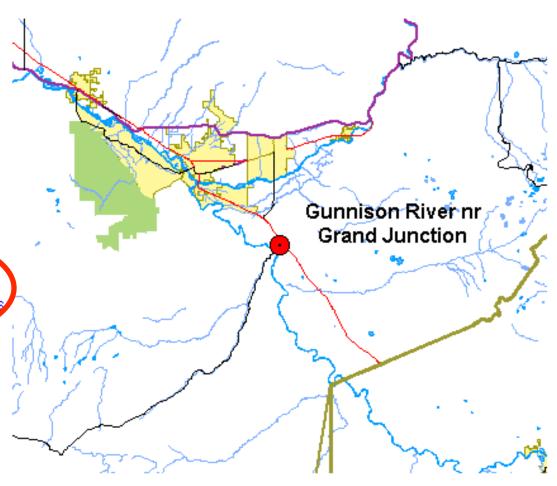
(1) 19.00 ft on 05/23/1920

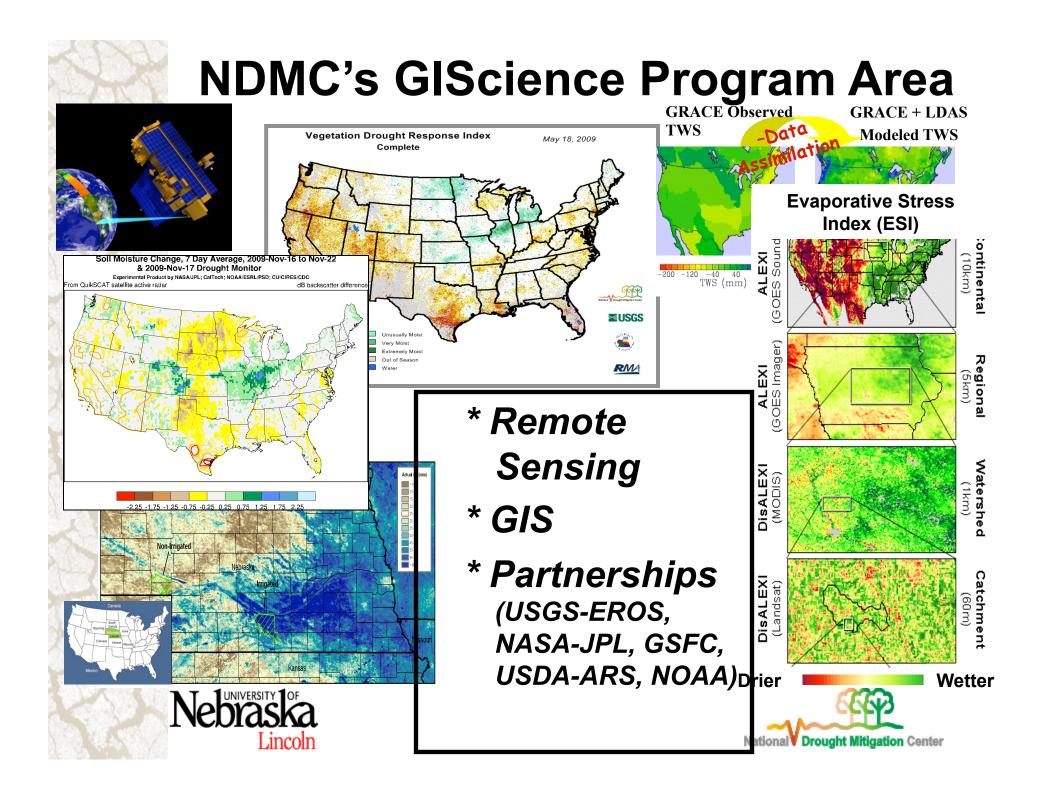
(2) 17.40 ft on 06/15/1921

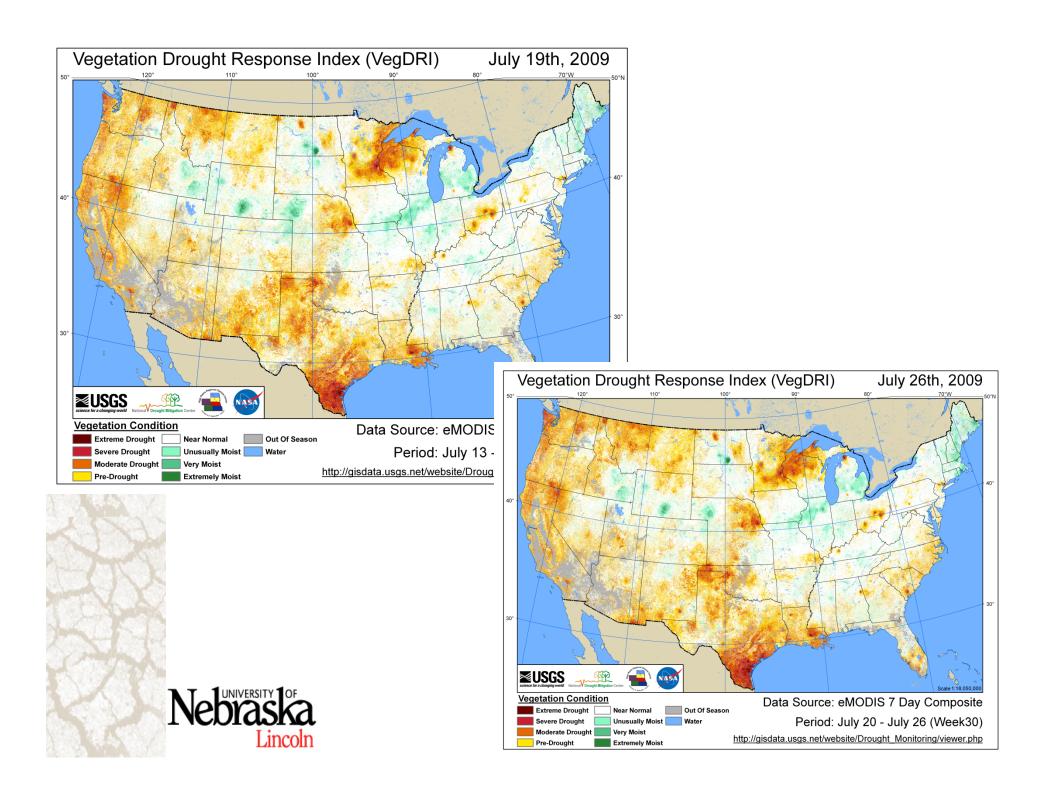
(3) 17.10 ft on 06/09/1905 Show More <u>Histori</u>cal Crests

Low Water Records

(1) 1.5 ft on 07/20/1934 Show More Low Water Records







NDMC's Planning and Social Science Program Area

How to Reduce Drought Risk







*Guides
*Plans
*Impacts
*Strategies
*Education
*Stakeholders



National **▼ Drought Mitigation** Center

Drought Planning Progress

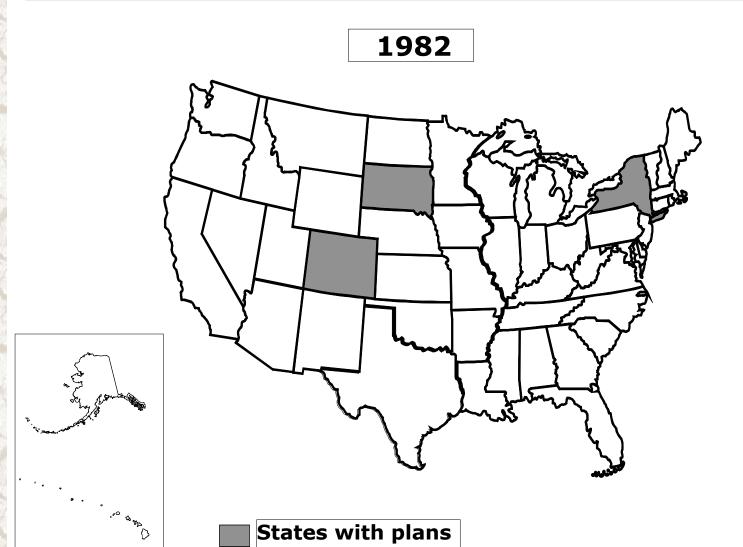


- Federal level
- State level
- Tribal
- Local level
 - Municipalities (NOAA-SARP "Drought Ready Communities": drought planning kit and certification based on community/stakeholder input)
 - River Basins
 - Counties
 - Producers





Status of State Drought Planning



States without drought plans





Status of Drought Planning December 2009



Developing "Drought Ready Communities"

NOAA-SARP Program: Drought in Support of the NIDIS
Award Number: NA08OAR4310696

Mark Svoboda (Lead P.I.), Kelly Smith, Cody Knutson, Melissa
Widhalm, Donna Woudenberg, and Tonya Bernadt
National Drought Mitigation Center, University of Nebraska-Lincoln

Lower Platte River Corridor Alliance (Meghan Sittler)
University of Illinois (Jim Angel and Michael Spinar)
University of Oklahoma (Mark Shafer, Renee McPherson, and Heather Lazarus)







- "Developing a community-driven process in integrating place-based planning to reduce vulnerability to drought"
- Develop a "drought resources kit" of educational, public awareness, climatological, planning and mitigation resources incorporating community feedback
- Define what a community needs to do to be certified as "Drought Ready"
- Wrap-up community workshops Spring 2010



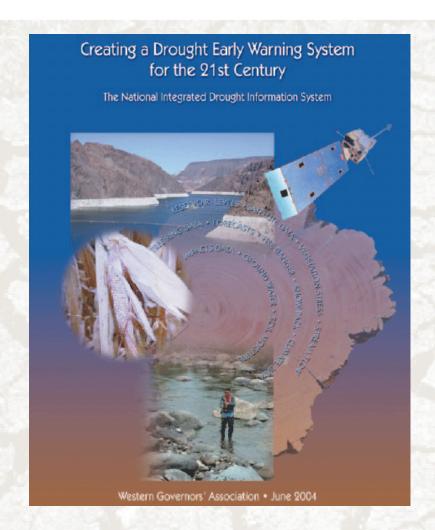


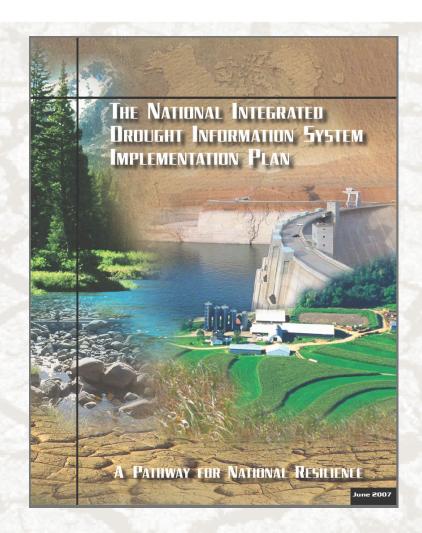
DRC Project Partners

- Nebraska City, NE (~7,000)
- Decatur, IL (~82,500)
- Ada, OK (~16,000)
- Cordell, OK (~3,000)
- Norman, OK (~100,000+)
- University of Illinois
- University of Oklahoma
- University of Nebraska

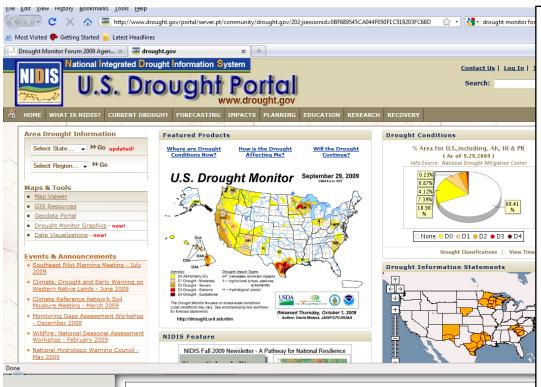








and then along comes . . . NIDIS



NIDIS Pilot Regions And CRN Stations CRN Stations Lower_Colorado Upper_Colorado Upper_Colorado ACF ACT

National Integrated Drought Information System - NIDIS

A Pathway for National Resilience

J ·

Upper Colorado River Basin Pilot

The first NIDIS drought early warning and information system pilot was successfully launched during October 2008 with a meeting of stakeholders in Boulder, CO. In this newsletter, find these related articles...

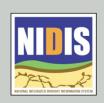
Upper Colorado River Basin Scoping Workshop

Colorado State Climatologist is Key to the Success of the UCRB Pilot.....

NCAR Scientists Working on Analysis of Water Demand in the Upper Colorado River Basin.....

Drought Index Planning Workshop

18-19 August, 2009, NOAA David Skaggs Research Center, Boulder, CO......3





Volume 1 Issue 1

Welcome!

Welcome to the first edition of the NIDIS Newsletter. A lot has happened in the past year, and we want to update the drought risk management and water resources communities on NIDIS activities. In our newsletter you will find information about the various NIDIS meetings that have been held in the past year, along with the key outcomes from each meeting. We will also highlight early warning information system pilot and research activities.

Climate Reference Network Soil Moisture Workshop

Research Papers of Note.

US Drought Portal Upgrades.....

Climate Change, Drought and Early Warning on Western Native Lands

9-11 June, 2009 Jackson Lodge, Grand Teton National Park, WY.......7

Courtesy: NIDIS

Challenges



- Information technology advances
 - Future resources
- New ways to interact with decision-makers
 - Stakeholder "burnout"
- Convince decision-makers that their mitigation/adaptation actions will reduce impacts
 - Quantify impacts and benefits





Summary



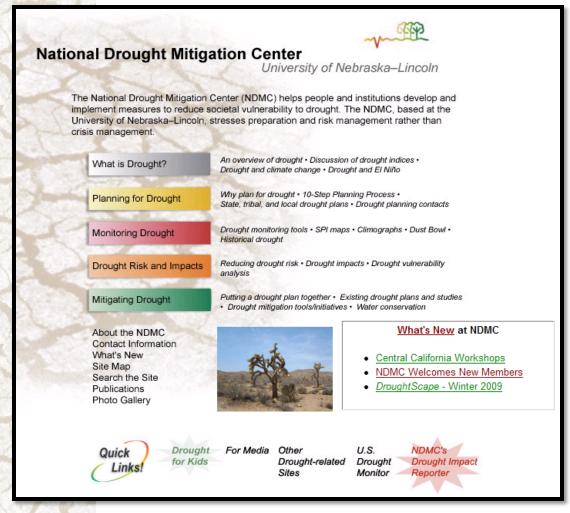
- Scale (flexible and relevant to the needs of our stakeholders)
- Tools and Technology (keep pace with scale issue)
- Impacts (establish a baseline)
- Citizen Science
- Planning, Mitigation, and Adaptation







Please visit the NDMC website for more information: http://www.drought.unl.edu



Thanks!

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