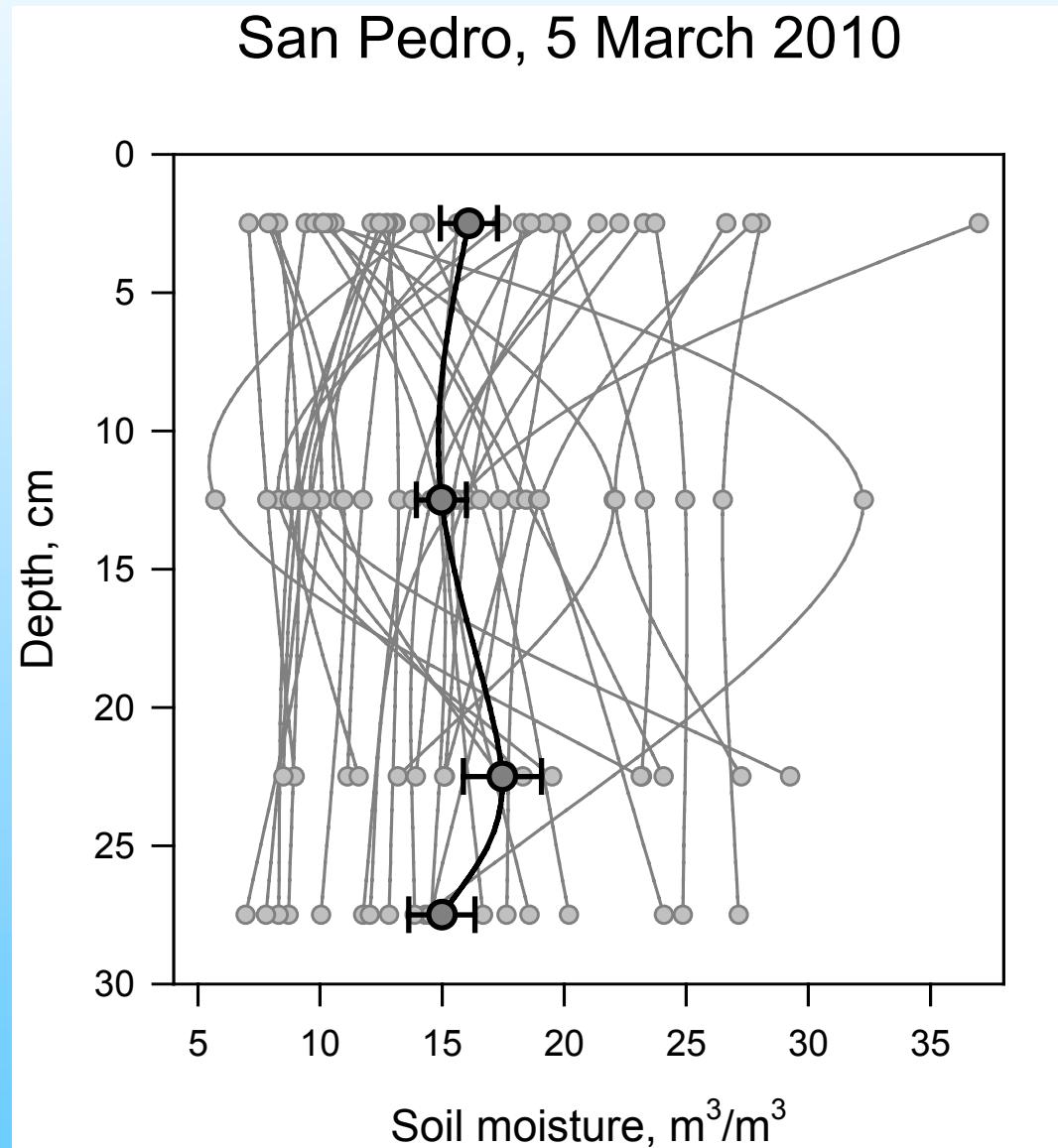
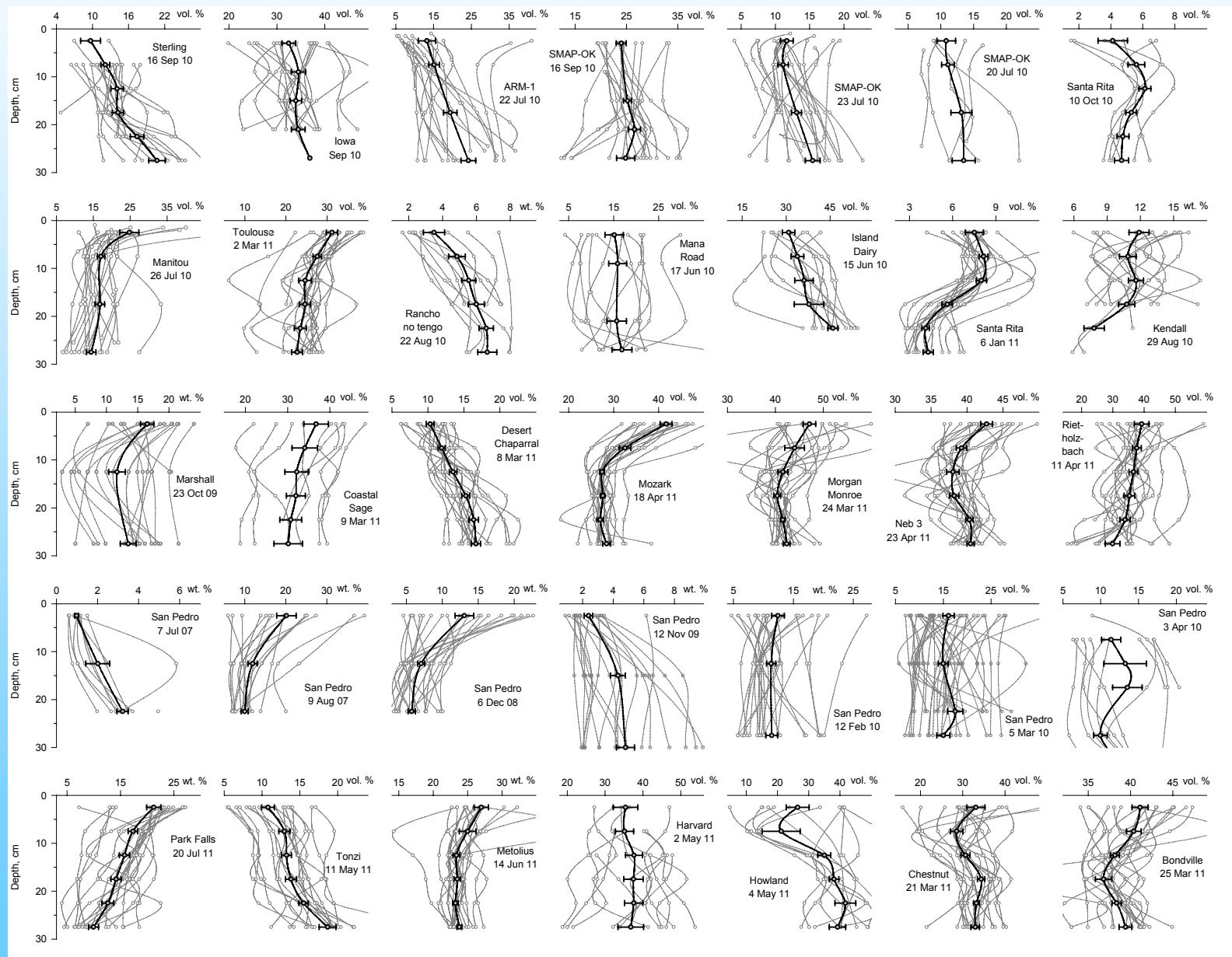


Variations in soil moisture: circle, 200 m radius



Variations in soil moisture: 25 sites

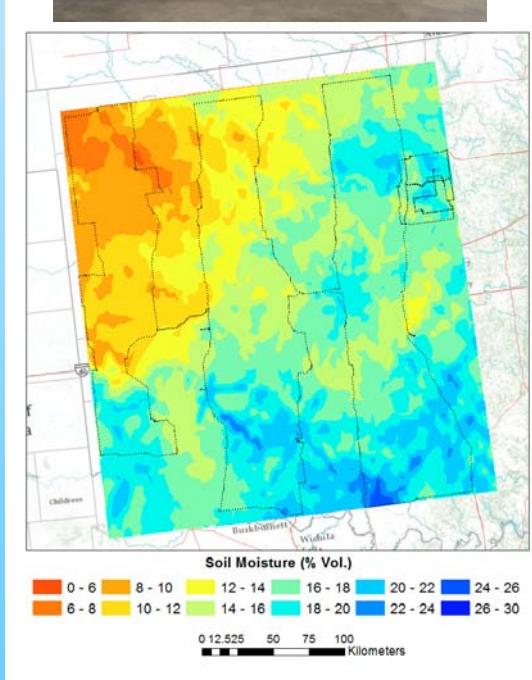
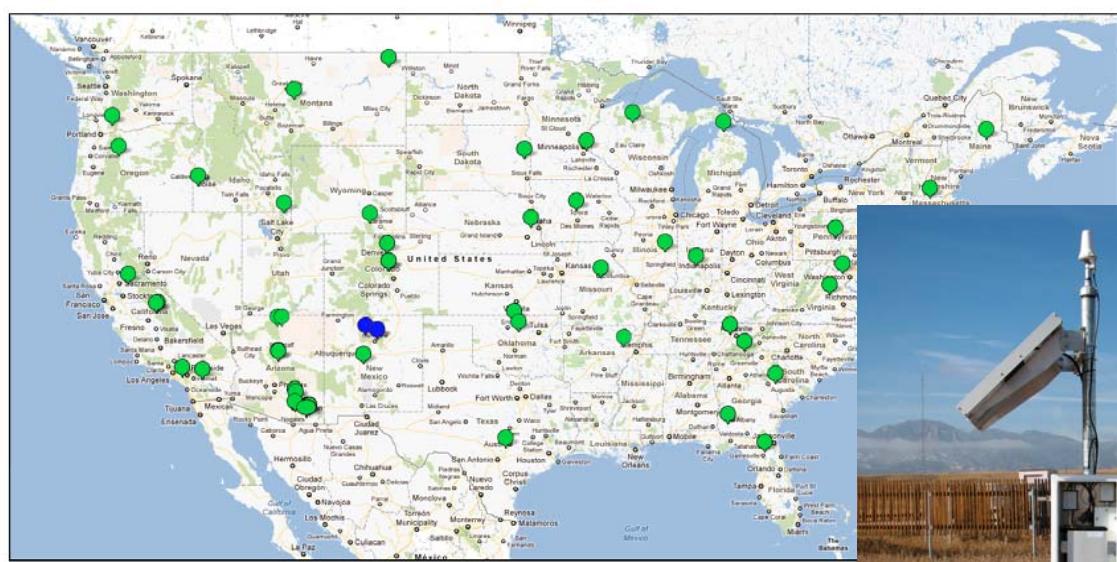


Soil moisture profiles paper: GRL, readied for submission in June 2012.

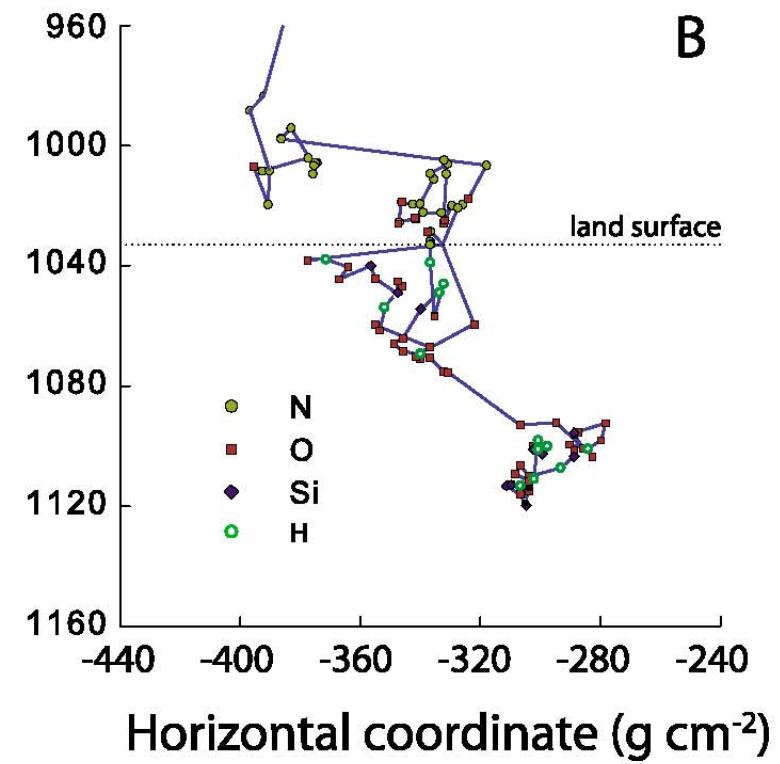
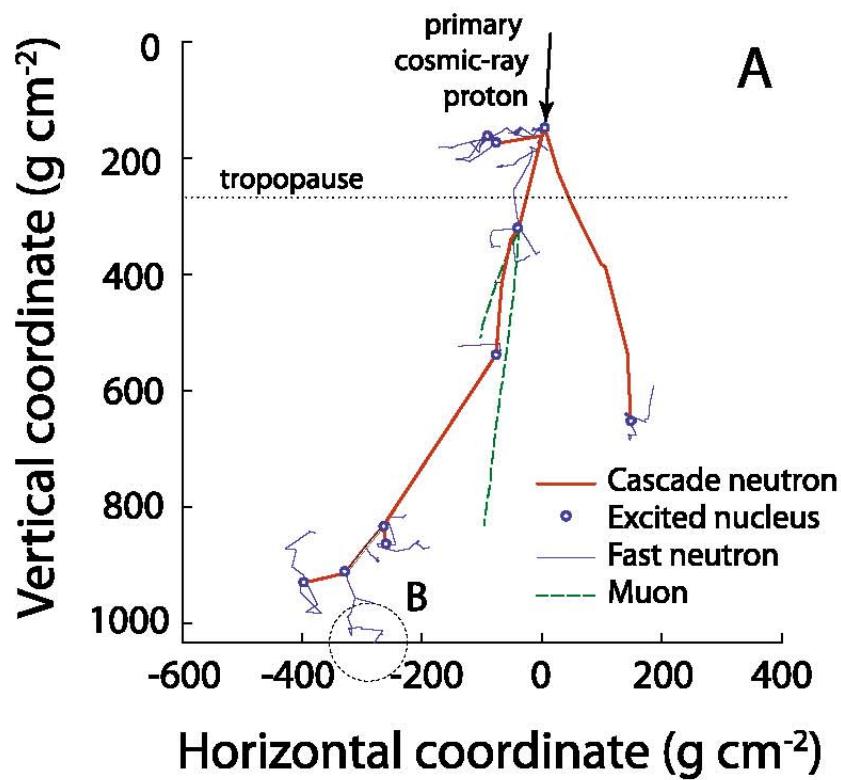
Measuring area-average soil moisture using stationary and roving cosmic-ray (COSMOS) probes

M. Zreda, X. Zeng, J. Shuttleworth, T. Franz, R. Rosolem, C. Zweck and T. Ferre

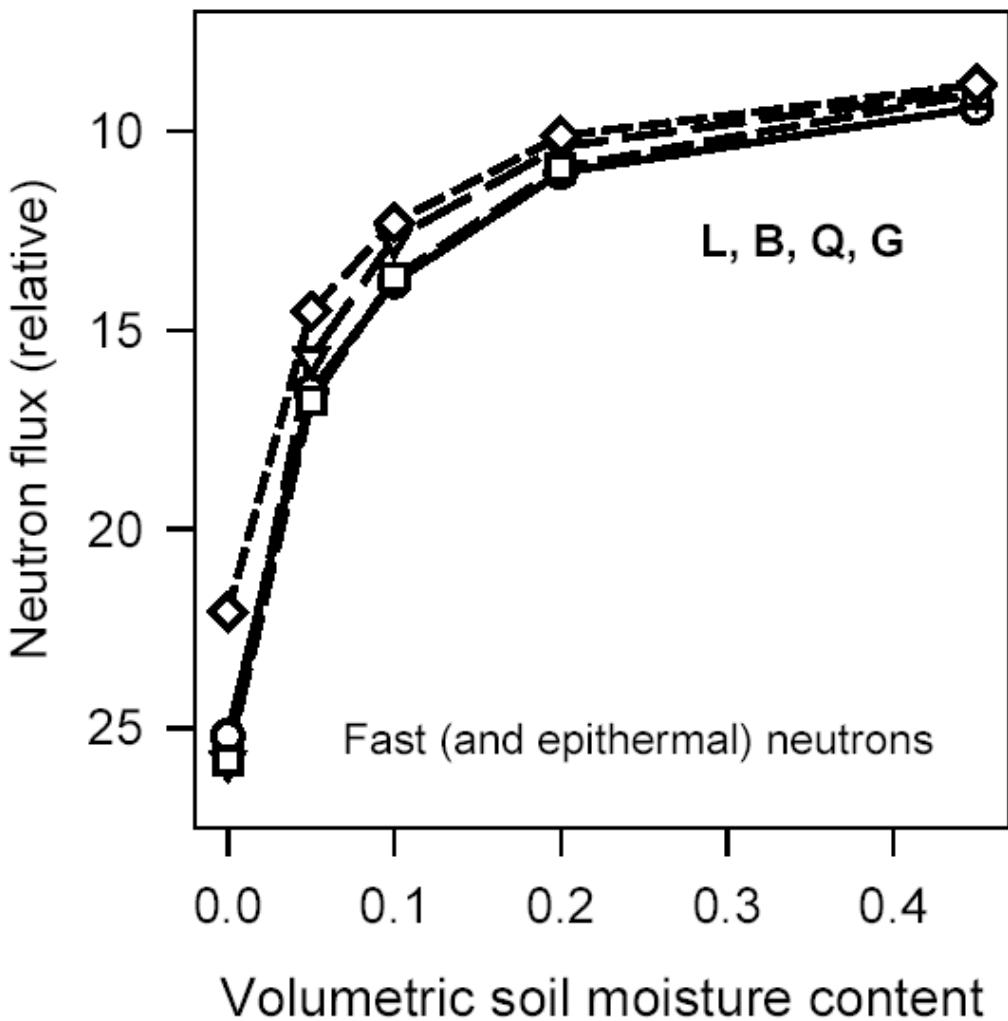
University of Arizona



Slowing fast neutrons



Fast neutron response to soil moisture



$$\theta_m = \frac{a_0}{\left(\frac{N}{N_0}\right) - a_1} - a_2$$

Notes:

- (1) Valid for neutrons with energies between 10 eV and 1 MeV.
- (2) Valid for water content >2% by volume.
- (3) Factors other than soil moisture affect the shape of this function.

Horizontal footprint: 660 m diameter



- (1) 86% of neutrons within radius of 350 m.
- (2) Independent of soil moisture.
- (3) Increases with increasing altitude (decreasing air density).
- (4) Decreases with increasing atmospheric water vapor pressure.

Measurement thickness: 10 cm - 70 cm

- (1) 86% of neutrons within measurement thickness
- (2) Strongly dependent on soil moisture
- (3) Minimum depth: 10 cm in saturated soils
- (4) Maximum depth: 70 cm in completely dry soils
 - Practical maximum: <70 cm (-> lattice water)
- (5) Independent of altitude
- (6) Independent of atmospheric water vapor pressure

Computations/corrections

$$\theta_m = \frac{a_0}{\left(\frac{N}{N_0}\right) - a_1} - a_2$$

Corrections to N (or N_0) or Θ_m :

Standard:

Barometric pressure variations (N)

Implemented recently:

Secular variations in the incoming neutron intensity (N)

Worked out and being implemented now:

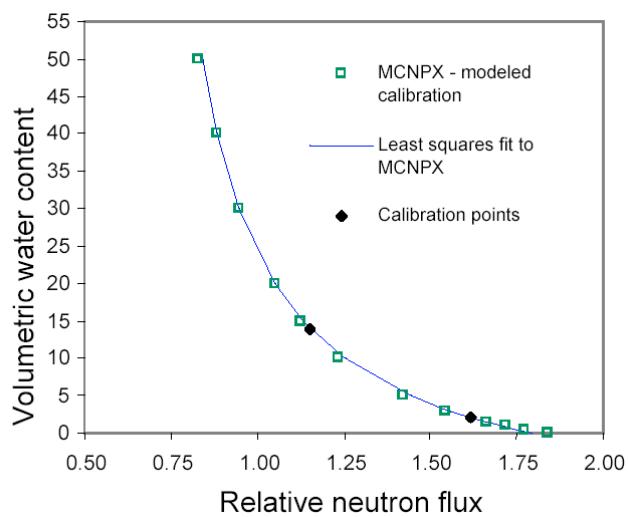
Lattice water (Θ_m)

Atmospheric water vapor (N; alternatively Θ_m)

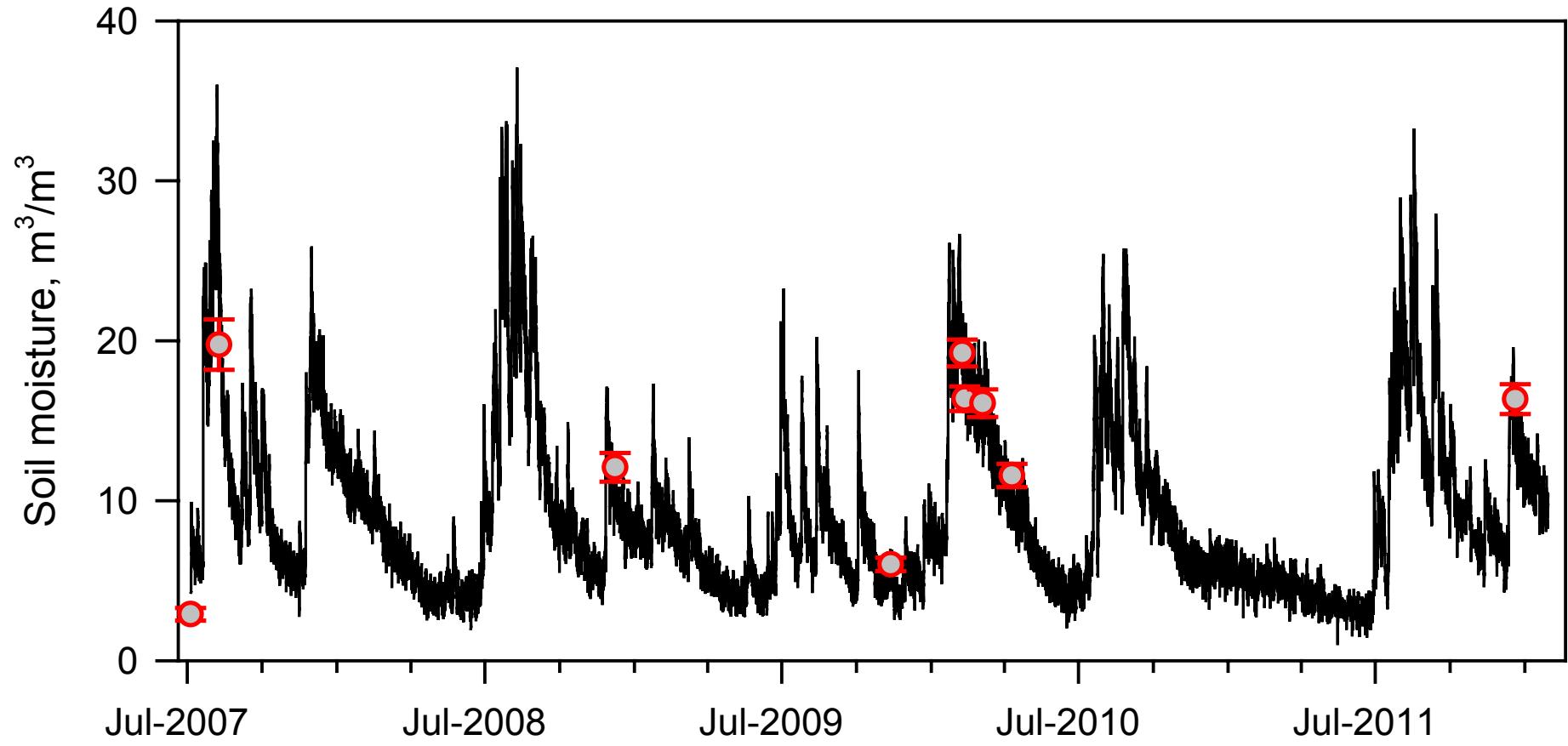
In progress:

Vegetation (possibly large effect)(Θ_m or N)

Snow and other water at the surface (large effect) (Θ_m or N)



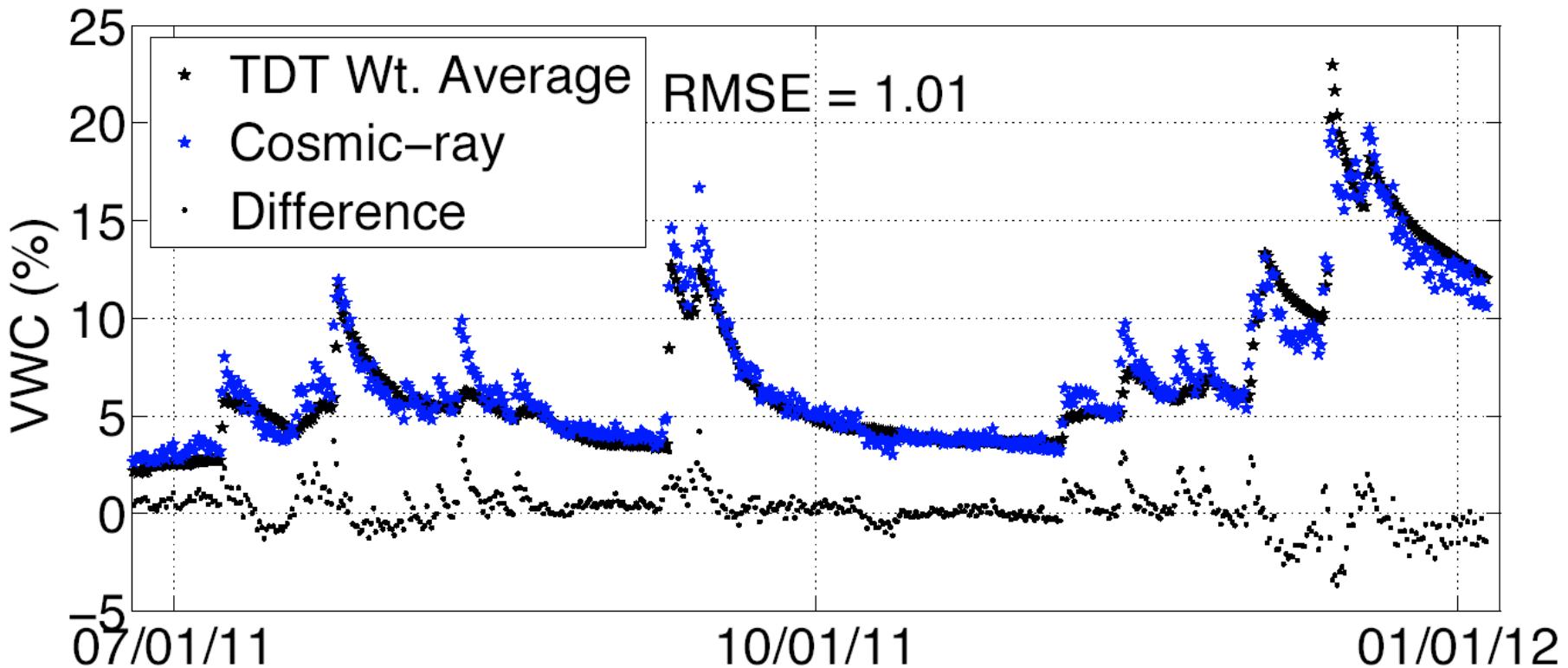
Comparison with gravimetric data



Neutron data corrected for temporal variations in:

- atmospheric pressure;
- incoming cosmic-ray intensity;
- atmospheric water vapor;

Comparison with 180 TDT sensors



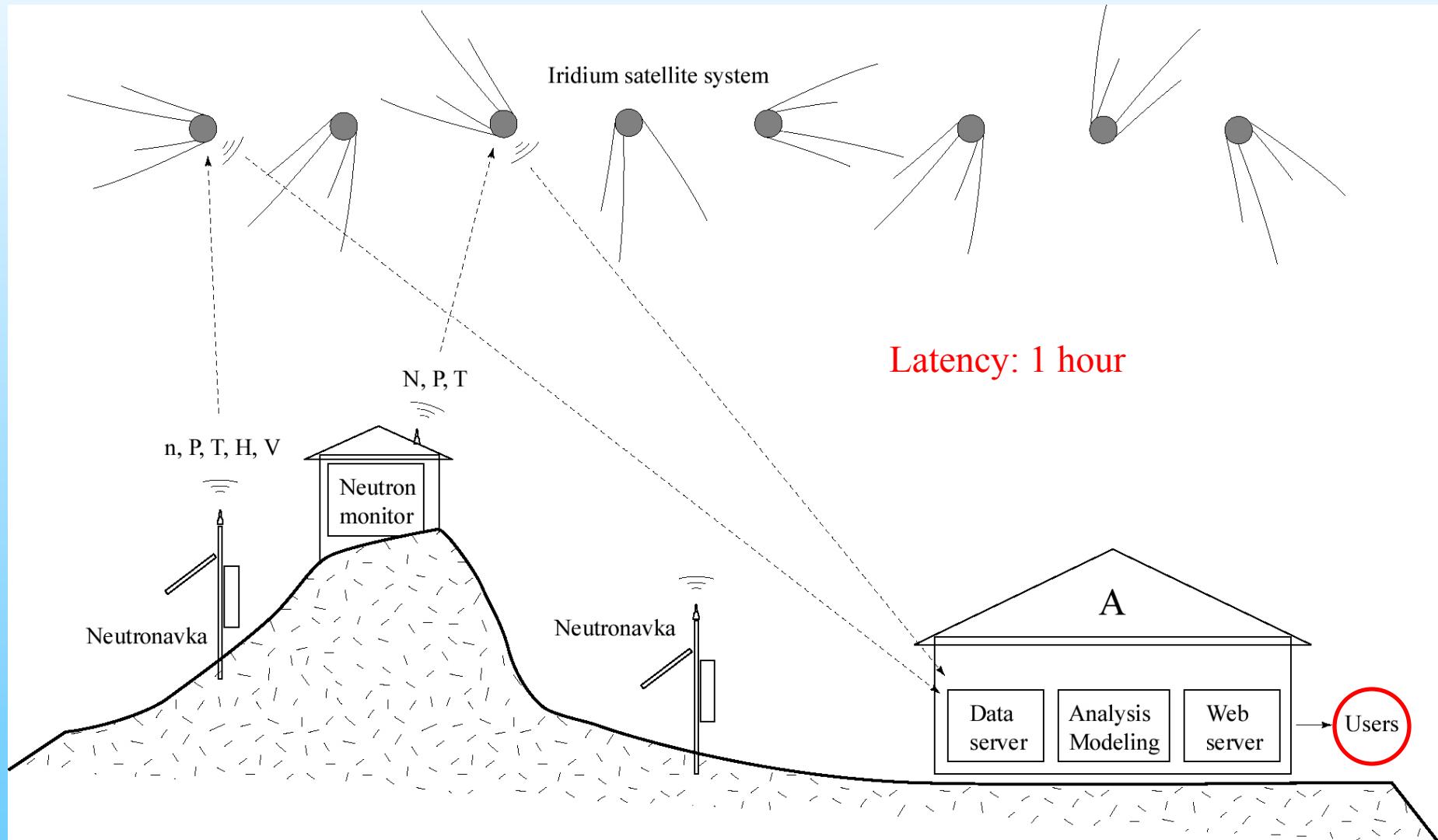
Neutron data corrected for temporal variations in:

- atmospheric pressure;
- incoming cosmic-ray intensity;
- atmospheric water vapor;

TDT sensors calibrated in the field.

Frantz et al., 2012, Vadose Zone Journal (in review).

COsmic-ray Soil Moisture Observing System (COSMOS)



COSMOS web site

Screenshot of a web browser showing the COSMOS website. The title bar shows three tabs: 'cosmos', 'COSMOS Probe: Rietholzbach', and 'COSMOS Probe: Silver Sword'. The address bar contains the URL 'cosmos.hwr.arizona.edu'. The page content includes the COSMOS logo and tagline, a project summary, and links to various sections like Project Summary, People, News, Data Portal (which is highlighted with a red box), Publications, and Mailing List. A note at the bottom mentions NSF support.

cosmos COSMOS Probe: Rietholzbach COSMOS Probe: Silver Sword

cosmos.hwr.arizona.edu

» Home

COSMOS
Cosmic-ray Soil Moisture Observing System

COSMOS is an NSF supported project to measure soil moisture on the horizontal scale of hectometers and depths of decimeters using cosmic-ray neutrons.

[Project Summary](#)

[People](#)

[News](#)

[Data Portal](#)

[Publications](#)

[Mailing List](#)

For more information contact [Marek Zreda](#).

COSMOS is supported by the Atmospheric and Geospace Sciences Division of the [National Science Foundation](#)

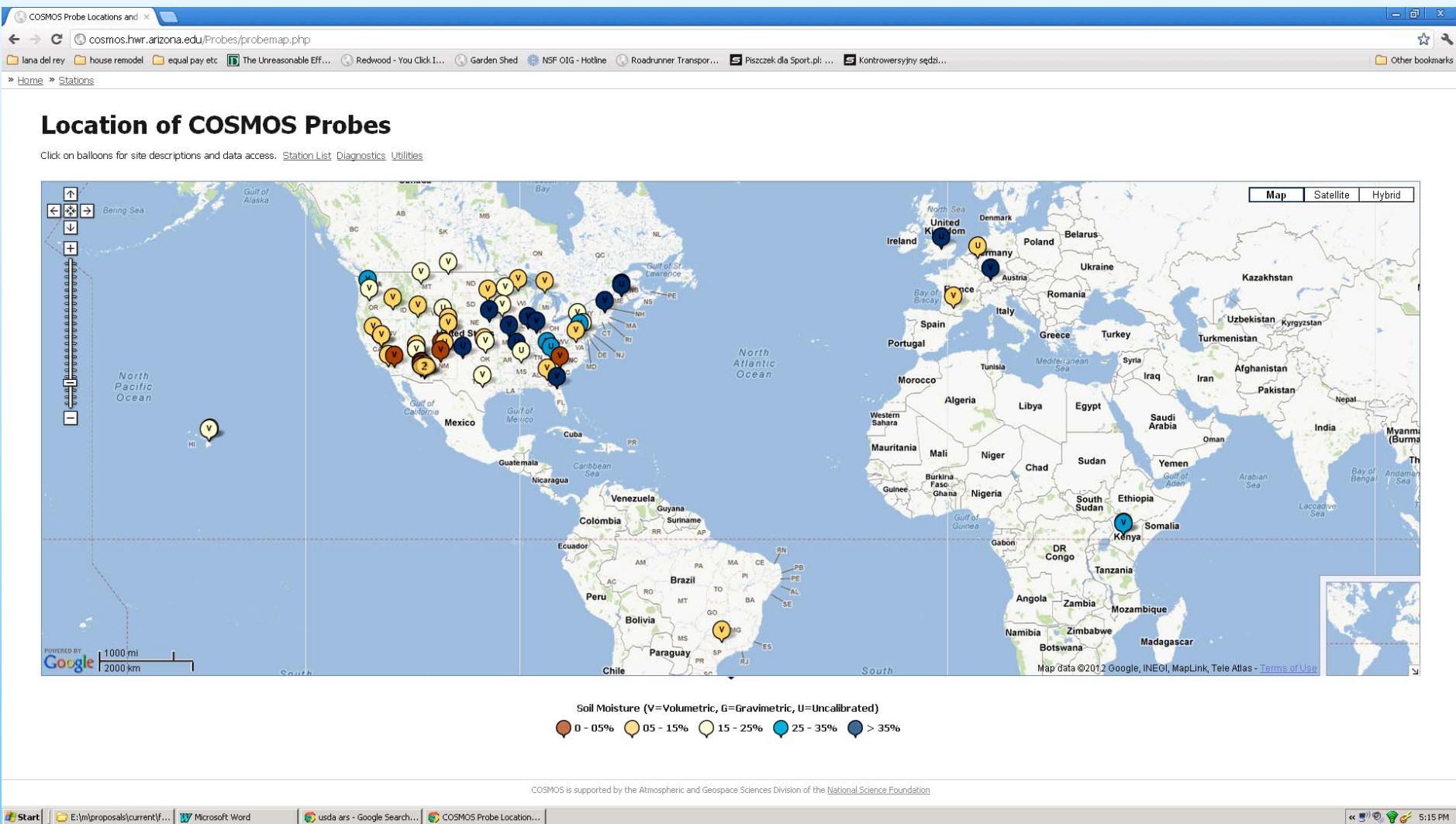
Start E:\m\publications\abstracts... Microsoft PowerPoint - [z... COSMOS - Google Chrome

COSMOS public server: cosmos.hwr.arizona.edu

COSMOS web site: probe locations - USA



Global COSMOS



COSMOS public server: cosmos.hwr.arizona.edu

COSMOS web site: probe data

COSMOS COSMOS Probe: Silver Sword
cosmos.hwr.arizona.edu/Probes/StationDat/012/index.php
Home > Stations > Station Information

Silver Sword

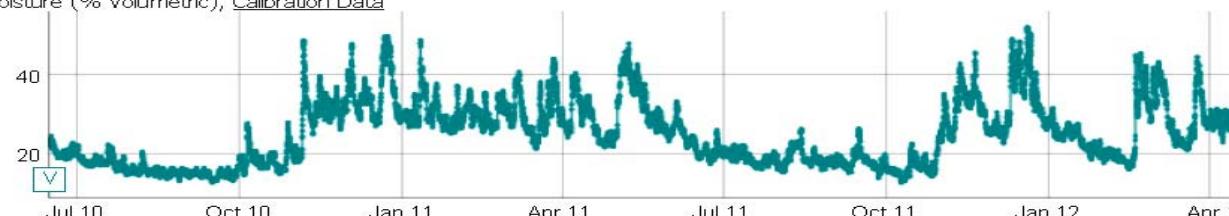


Larger Photo Approx Footprint

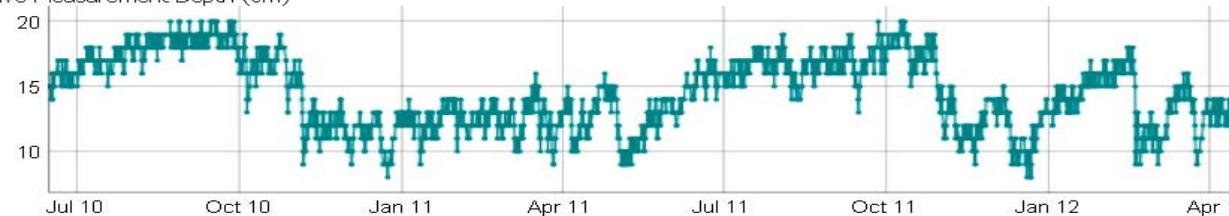
The site is co-located with the USDA National Resources Conservation Service 'Silver Sword' site. More information regarding the USDA site can be found at <http://www.wcc.nrcs.usda.gov/nwcc/site?sitenum=2101&state=HI>

Installation Date:	2010-06-15
Timezone (UTC):	-10
Cutoff Rigidity (GV):	12.87
Mean Pressure (mb):	725
Mean Bulk Density (g/cm ³):	0.78
Mean Lattice Water (% weight):	9.57
Max Count Rate (/hr):	2633

Soil Moisture (% Volumetric), Calibration Data



Effective Measurement Depth (cm)



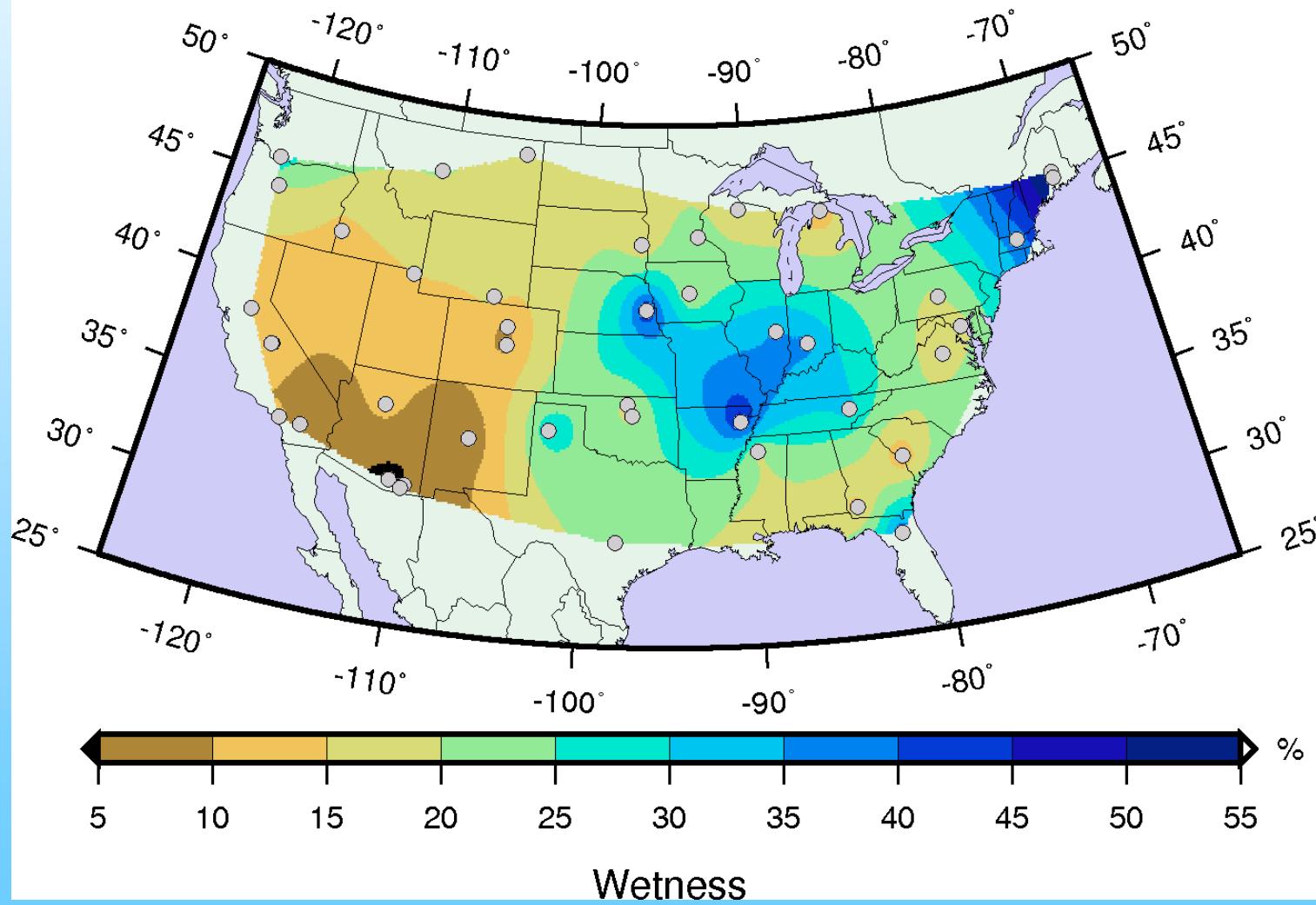
[Level 1 Data \(.Plots\)](#) [Level 2 Data](#) [Level 3 Data](#) [Data Levels](#) [Excel \(.xls\)](#) [Matlab \(.mat\)](#) [Python \(.pkl\)](#)

COSMOS data is research level and subject to change.

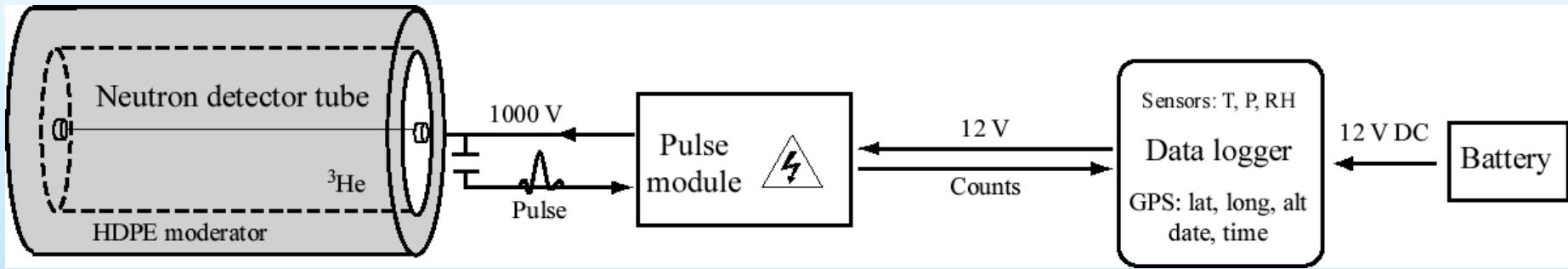
COSMOS is supported by the Atmospheric and Geospace Sciences Division of the [National Science Foundation](#)

COSMOS data: contour map of the US

COSMOS interpolated wetness for 2012-06-15

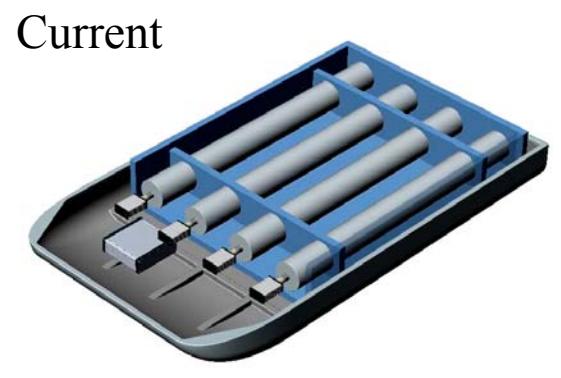


Mobile measurements using COSMOS rover



Two modes:

- (1) stop and measure (SAM);
- (2) drive and measure (DAM).

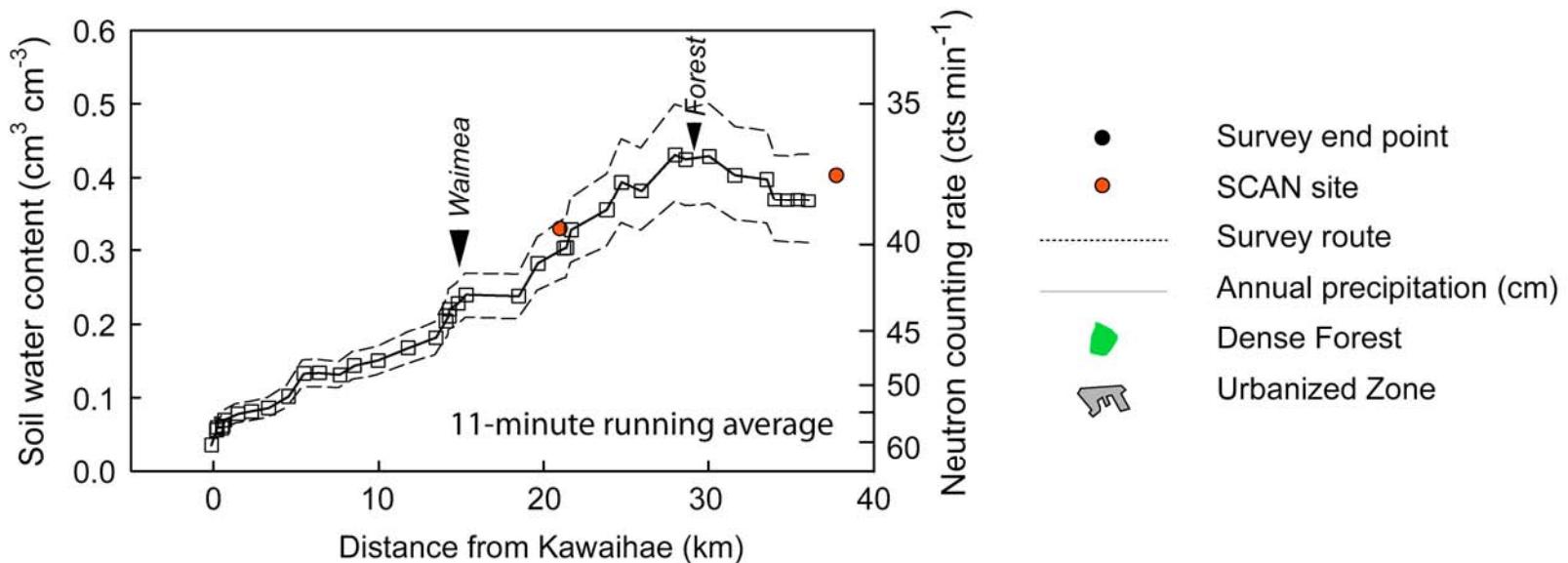
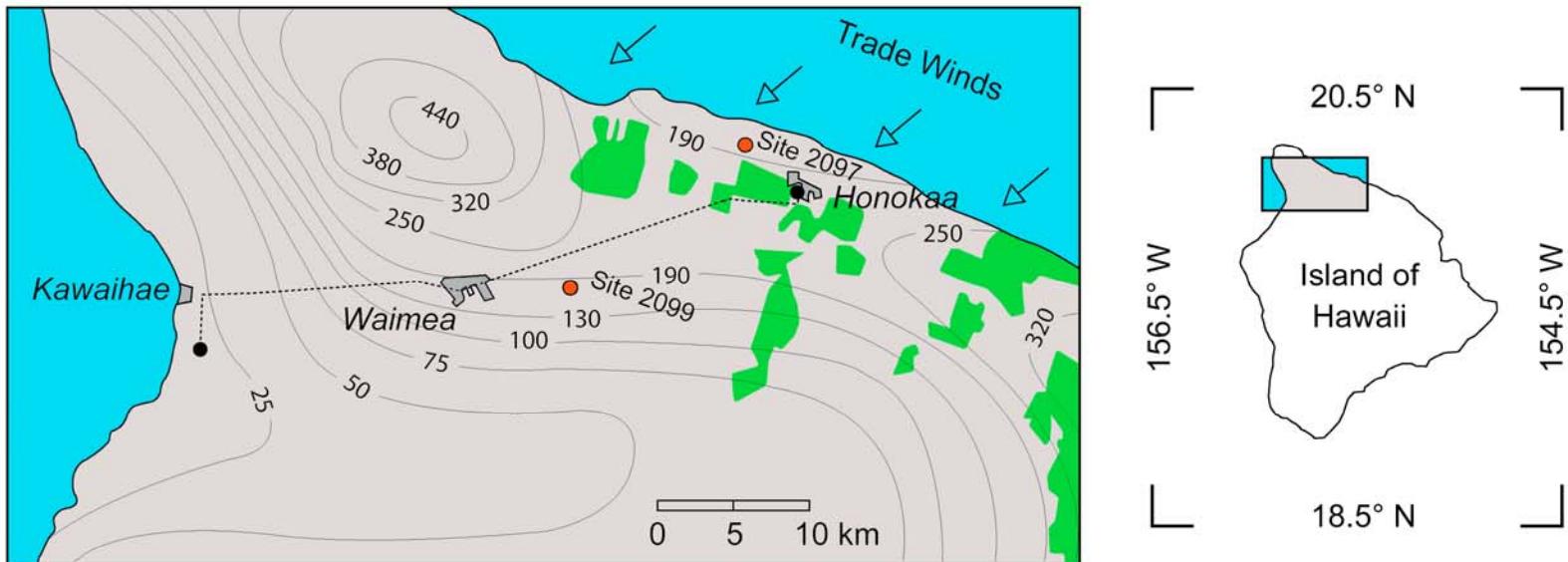


Can do:

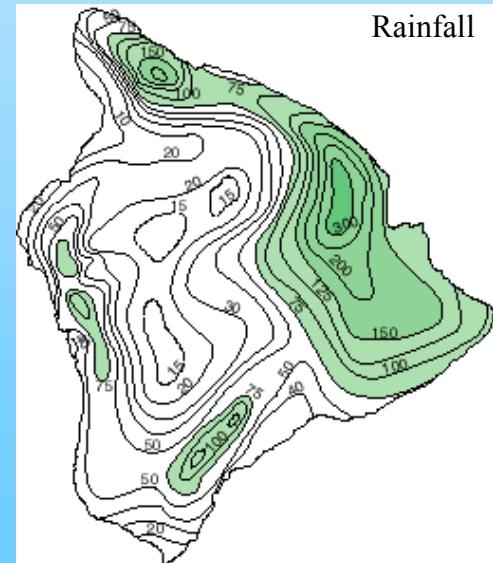
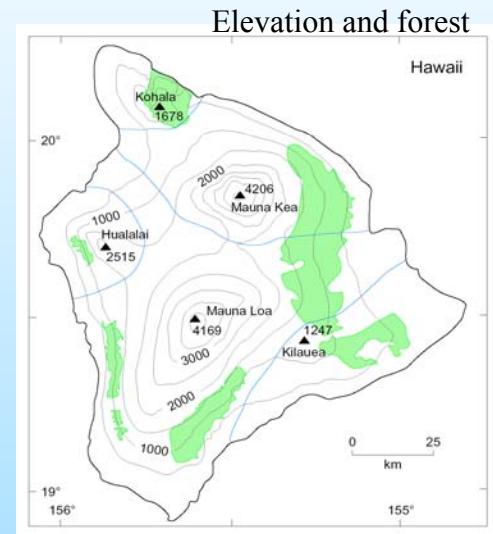
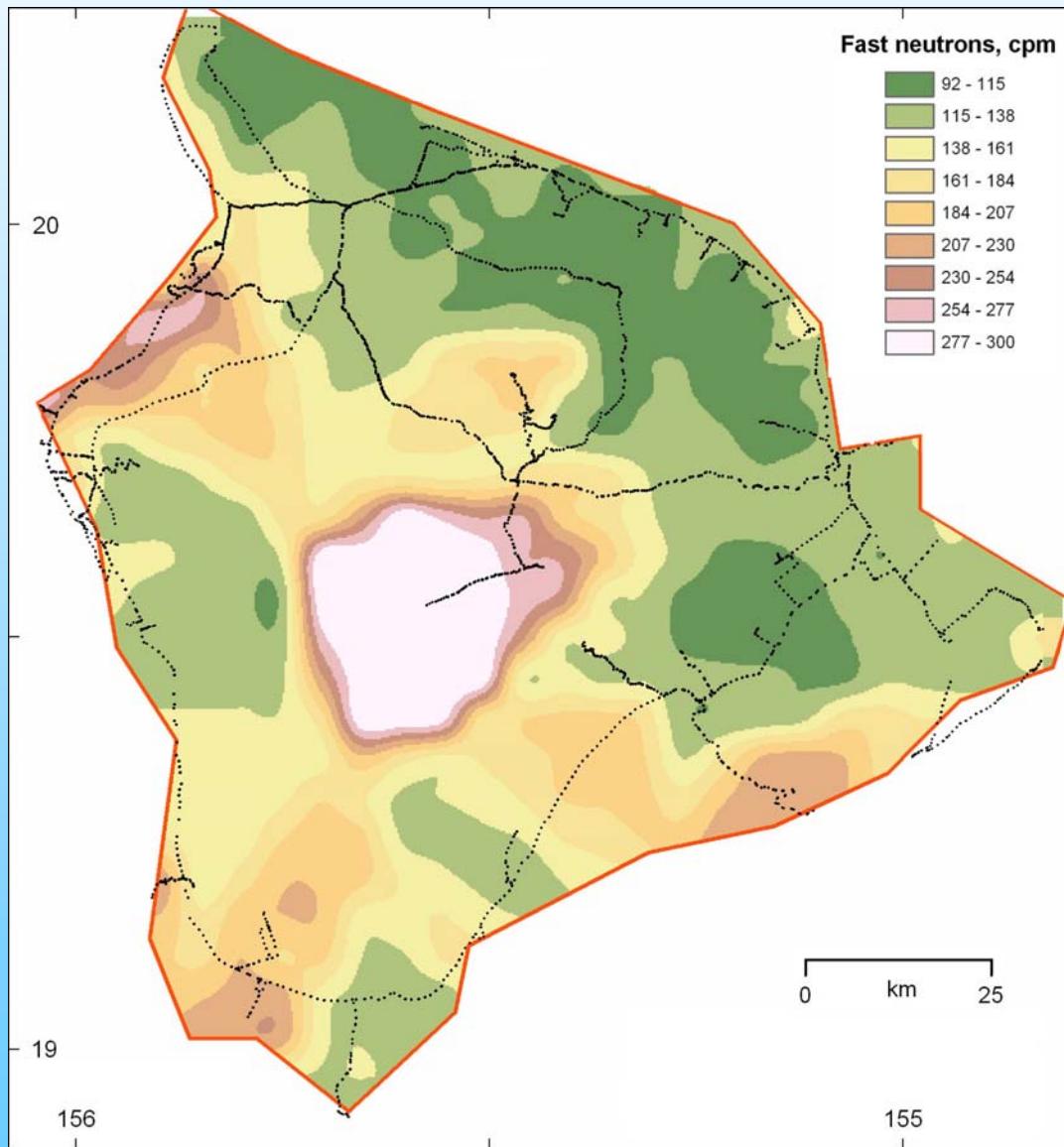
- (1) 1-D transects.
- (2) 2-D maps.



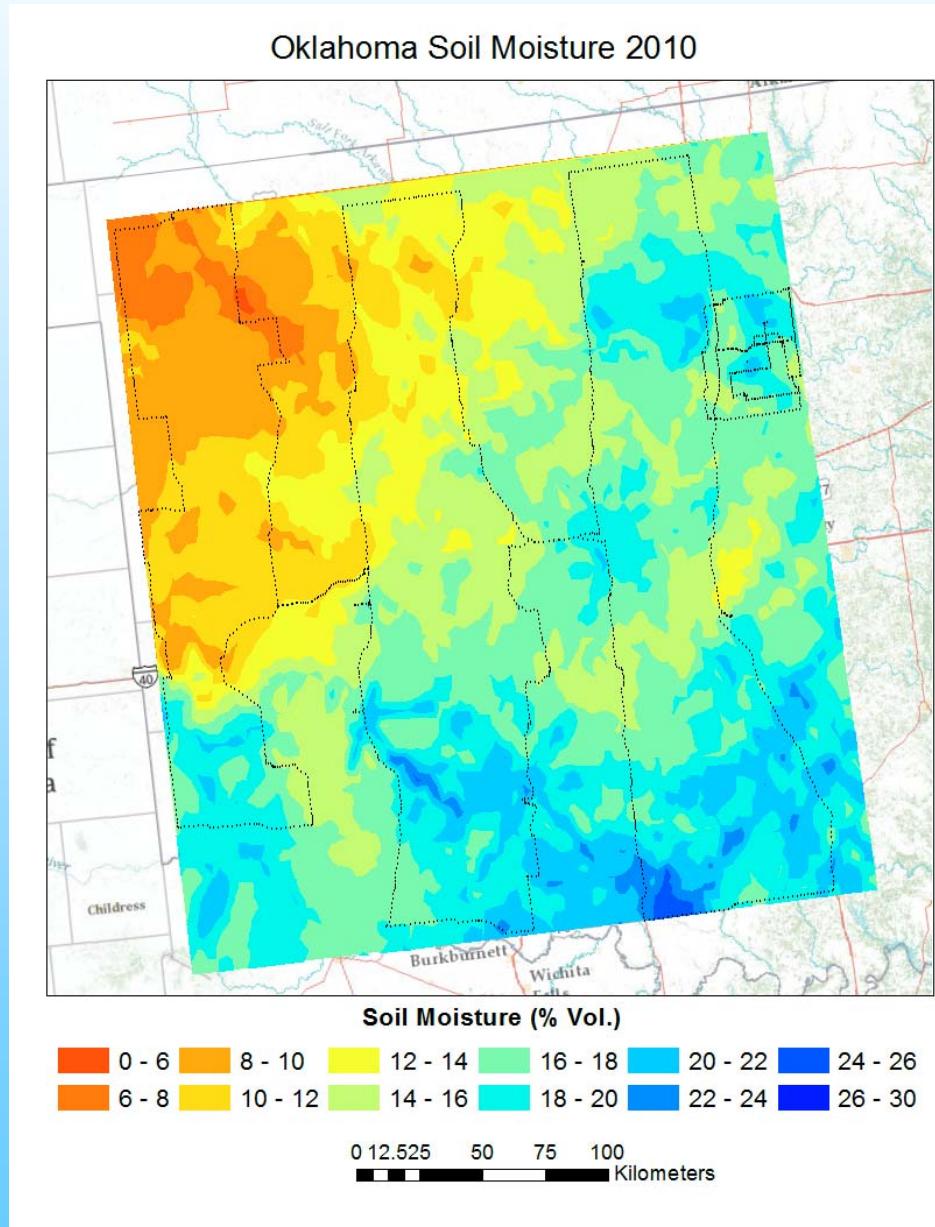
COSMOS rover: transect, Hawaii



COSMOS rover: map, Hawaii

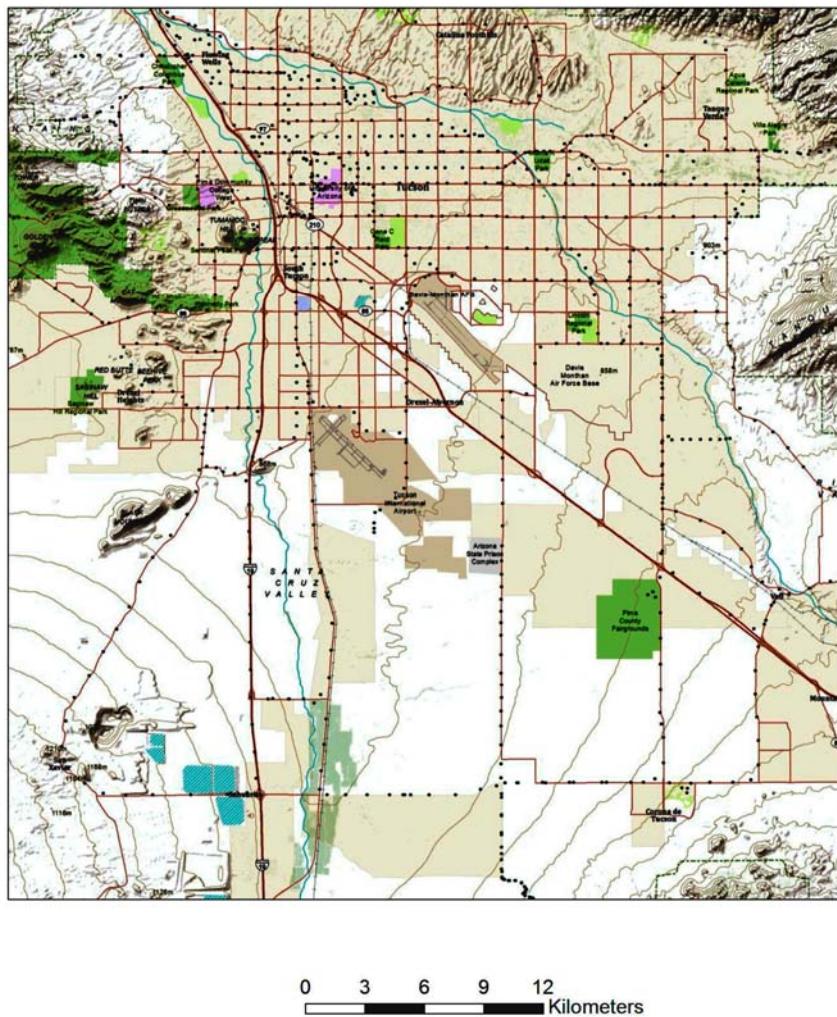


COSMOS rover: soil moisture map of Oklahoma, Sept. 2010

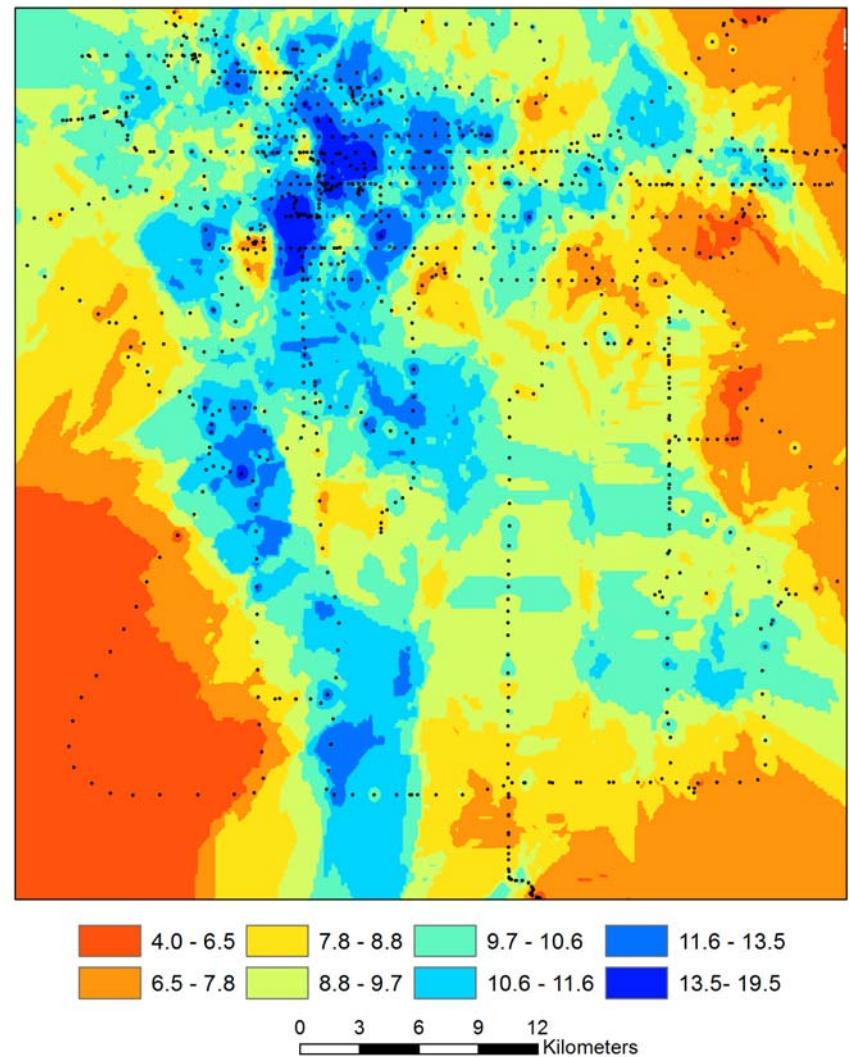


COSMOS rover: periodic maps of the Tucson Basin

Tucson Basin Topography and Survey Locations



Jan.29.2012 Soil Moisture (% Vol.)



Monthly maps, except during summer monsoon - weekly. Calibrated at a stationary COSMOS site.