

Public Health Issues

- Current and potential health impacts and concerns in South Carolina
- Surveillance and assessment
- Emergency management
- Planning and public policy for adaptation and mitigation

Current and potential health impacts

- Frequency, type, severity and duration of extreme weather events
 - And subtle impacts of climate change
- Vulnerable populations
 - Intersection of chronic illness and climate change
 - Food security
- Change in type and distribution of vector-borne, food-borne and water-borne diseases
- Impacts of sea level rise
- Economics: The Dismal Science

Surveillance and assessment

- DHEC Environmental Public Health Tracking System
 - Surveillance of key indicators
 - Communication of information to the public

– http://www.scdhec.gov/administration/epht/

EPHT Home About EPHT News & Resources Public Health Actions Dataset Details Definitions FAQs Content Areas Air Quality Birth Defects Cancer Carbon Monoxide (CO) Childhood Lead Coastal Environment Drinking Water Quality Hospitalization Mothers & Babies Please take our short survey.

My Health & Environment - Environmental Public Health Tracking



Your resource for information about the health of South Carolina citizens and their environment.

View definitions, explanations and facts about each Content Area.

Air Quality

ABOUT

Create and Explore health and environmental maps, charts, trendlines, and data tables.

CREATE IT.

TRACK IT.

View tables of environmental and health data where you live, work and play.

Air Quality



MAP IT.

View maps and charts of environmental and health data by county in SC.

Air Quality



USE IT.

View suggestions to help make better choices for your health and the environment.

Air Quality



"If you want to learn about the health of a popoulation, look at the air they breathe, the water they drink, and the places where they live."

- Hippocrates, the Father of Medicine, in the Fifth Century BC

Tell us how you have taken action to improve your health or the environment around you.



Definitions

FAQs

Content Areas

Air Quality

Birth Defects

Cancer

Carbon Mo

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Childhood L

Coastal Environment

Drinking Wat

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Hospitalizat

Mothers & Babies





National EPHT Portal





Click on the topic below or on the numbers in the image for more info.

- 1 Advisories Swimming, Rip Tide, Shellfish, Weather, Fish...
- 4 Air Quality
 Pollen Count Index, Ozone
 Index, Emissions...
- Tidal Creeks Tidal Creek, SC Estuarine and Coastal Assessment Program...
- 10 Litter Prevention
 Pet Waste, Garbage, Adopt-aBeach, Clean Marina...

- Water Quality Swimming Advisories, Run-off, Real-time and Historical Data...
- Fishing/Shellfish Fish Advisoiries, Fish Watch, Tidal Creeks...
- 8 Life on the Coast Advisories, SC Data, Tide Tables...
- 11 Beach Preservation
 Protection, Erosion and ReNourishment...

- Weather Real-time Weather, Storm Information and Activities...
- 6 Seafood
 Advantages of Eating Seafood,
 Safe Handling of Seafood...
- Marine Life Health Dolphins, Mussel Watch, Sentinel Species Research...
- Wildlife Conservation
 Sea Turtles, Birds, Mammals,
 Jellyfish...

Emergency management

- Emergency plans for the full range of extreme weather events
- Responding to health and medical needs during and after events
- Important links with the Health Services
 Division of Acute Disease Epidemiology,
 the Environmental Division of Waste
 Management & Emergency Response and
 the Division of Emergency Medical
 Services

Planning and public policy

- Little public health attention is directed toward awareness of climate change issues, let alone adaptation and mitigation
- Public health and emergency management capabilities are greatly diminished due to state and federal funding cuts
- In SC, DHEC workforce has declined from 5,265 filled FTEs in 2000 to less than 3,400 filled FTEs in 2011
- Increased environmental pressures, demands for services and staff shortages for emergency response challenge the state's ability to promote and protect the health of the public and the environment
- Political and economic climates are not conducive to effective planning and action for adapting to or mitigating climate change

What public health can do

- Raise Awareness:
 - Offer opportunities for public health and environmental staff to learn about climate change impacts on health and environment
 - Incorporate adaptation and mitigation messages into public information and programs
- Focus on the here and now:
 - Extreme weather events are teachable moments

What public health can do

- Surveillance and Assessment:
 - Daily monitoring and response to disease outbreaks, hazardous material releases, climate-related illness
 - Sustaining surveillance, epidemiology and laboratory capabilities
 - Analyzing data and identifying trends and relationships between climate, environment and health